

§ 1. 一般事項(常時)

1-1 工作物の概要

- ・ 築造地 : 奈良市
- ・ 形 式 : U型鉄筋コンクリート造擁壁

1-2 使用材料 及 許容応力度

- ・ コンクリート
 - 設計基準強度 : $F_c = 21 \text{ N/mm}^2$
 - 許容圧縮応力度 : $\sigma_{ca} = 7.0 \text{ N/mm}^2$
 - 許容せん断応力度 : $\tau_{ca} = 0.7 \text{ N/mm}^2$
 - 許容付着応力度 : $f_a = 1.4 \text{ N/mm}^2$
- ・ 鉄 筋
 - 許容引張応力度 : $f_t = 195.0 \text{ N/mm}^2$
- ・ 鉄筋コンクリート
 - 単位体積重量 : $r = 24.0 \text{ kN/m}^3$

1-3 設計条件

◎背面土

- ・ 土質の種類 : 砂質土
- ・ 土の単位体積重量 : $\gamma_s = 17.0 \text{ kN/m}^3$
- ・ 内部摩擦角 : $\phi = 24.0^\circ$
- ・ 粘 着 力 : $C = 0 \text{ kN/m}^2$
- ・ 仮想背面と土との摩擦角 : (安定計算時) $\delta = 0.00^\circ$
- ・ 壁背面と土との摩擦角 : (断面計算時) $\delta = 16.00^\circ$

○土圧

クーロンの土圧式による。

◎支持地盤

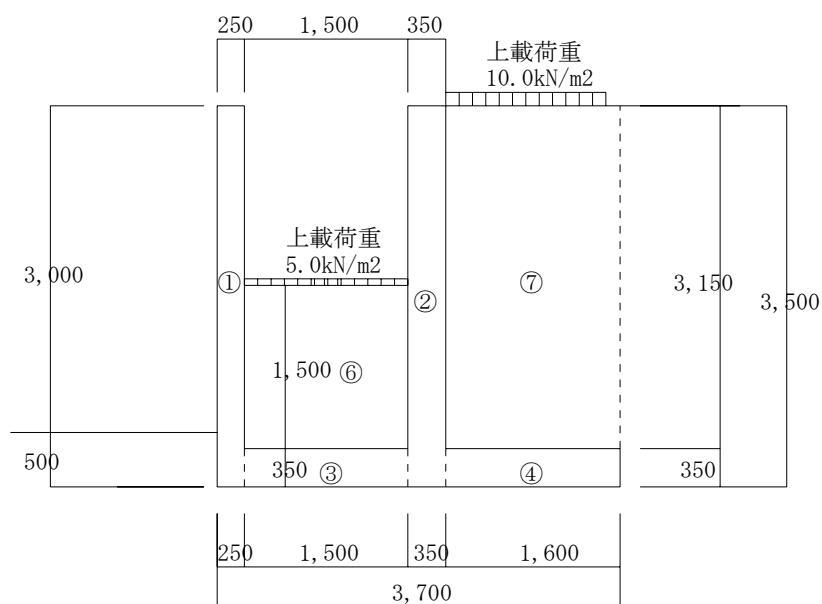
- ・ 土質の種類 : 砂質土
- ・ 内部摩擦角 : $\phi = 24.0^\circ$
- ・ 粘 着 力 : $C = 0 \text{ kN/m}^2$
- ・ 許容地耐力 : $f_e = 100 \text{ kN/m}^2$
- ・ 底盤の摩擦係数 : $\mu = 0.4$

1-4 設計方針

- ・ 本計算は、片持梁式鉄筋コンクリート擁壁として、すべて土圧にて行う。
- ・ 本計算は、宅地造成等規制法、同施行令、建築基準法、同施行令、及び、日本建築学会諸基準「鉄筋コンクリート構造計算基準、建築基礎構造設計指針」に準拠して行う。
なお、応力計算は、日本土木学会「コンクリート標準示方書」による。

§ 2. RC擁壁（１）の設計

2-1 荷重の計算（常時）



地表面と水平面とのなす角度 $\beta=0^\circ$
 壁背面と鉛直面とのなす角度 $\theta=0.00^\circ$ （仮想背面）
 粘着力 0 の土圧に対しては、 $H=H_0=3.500\text{m}$

1) 自重

区 分	面 積 A (m ²)	単位重量 γ (kN/m ³)	重 量 W (kN/m)	重心距離 (m)		モーメント (kN・m/m)	
				x	y	W・x	W・y
①前たて壁	$0.250 \times 3.500 = 0.8750$	24.0	21.0000	0.125	—	2.6250	—
②後たて壁	$0.350 \times 3.500 = 1.2250$	24.0	29.4000	1.920	—	56.4480	—
③底版	$1.500 \times 0.350 = 0.5250$	24.0	12.6000	1.000	—	12.6000	—
④かかと版	$1.600 \times 0.350 = 0.5600$	24.0	13.4400	2.900	—	38.9760	—
⑤つま先版							
⑥中央土	$1.500 \times 1.500 = 2.2500$	17.0	38.2500	1.000	—	38.2500	—
⑦背面土	$1.600 \times 3.150 = 5.0400$	17.0	85.6800	2.900	—	248.4720	—
⑧前面土							
合 計 Σ		—	200.3700	—	—	397.3710	—

重心 $x = \Sigma W \cdot x / \Sigma W = 397.371 / 200.370 = 1.983\text{m}$

2) 上載荷重

背面上載荷重・・・ $W=10.00 \times 1.6000=16.0000\text{kN/m}$
 中央上載荷重・・・ $W=5.00 \times 1.5000=7.5000\text{kN/m}$

3) 擁壁に及ぼす土圧

主働土圧係数

$$\begin{aligned} KA &= \tan^2(45^\circ - \phi/2) \\ &= \tan^2(45^\circ - 24.00^\circ/2) \\ &= \tan^2(33.00^\circ) \\ &= 0.422 \end{aligned}$$

前面及び背面土による土圧

$$\begin{aligned} PA &= 1/2 \cdot KA \cdot \gamma \cdot H^2 = 1/2 \times 0.422 \times 17.0 \times 3.500^2 = 43.9408 \text{ kN/m} \\ PAX &= PA \cdot \cos \delta = PA \cdot \cos 0.00^\circ = 43.9408 \times 1.0000 = 43.9408 \text{ kN/m} \\ PAY &= PA \cdot \sin \delta = PA \cdot \sin 0.00^\circ = 43.9408 \times 0.0000 = 0.0000 \text{ kN/m} \end{aligned}$$

背面上載荷重による土圧

$$\begin{aligned} \Delta PA &= KA \cdot q \cdot H = 0.422 \times 10.0 \times 3.500 = 14.7700 \text{ kN/m} \\ \Delta PAX &= \Delta PA \cdot \cos \delta = \Delta PA \cdot \cos 0.00^\circ = 14.7700 \times 1.0000 = 14.7700 \text{ kN/m} \\ \Delta PAY &= \Delta PA \cdot \sin \delta = \Delta PA \cdot \sin 0.00^\circ = 14.7700 \times 0.0000 = 0.0000 \text{ kN/m} \end{aligned}$$

作用点の位置

$$\begin{aligned} PAX : y &= H/3 = 3.500/3 = 1.167 \text{ m} \\ \Delta PAX : y &= H/2 = 3.500/2 = 1.750 \text{ m} \end{aligned}$$

4) 荷重の集計

荷重の種類	鉛 直 力 V (kN/m)	水 平 力 H (kN/m)	作 用 点 (m)		モーメント (kN・m/m)	
			x	y	V・x	H・y
自 重 (W)	200.3700	——	1.983	——	397.3710	——
土圧 (PA)	0.0000	43.9408	3.700	1.167	0.0000	51.2642
土圧 (ΔPA)	0.0000	14.7700	3.700	1.750	0.0000	25.8475
背面上載荷重	16.0000	——	2.900	——	46.4000	——
中央上載荷重	7.5000	——	1.000	——	7.5000	——
前面上載荷重						
合 計 Σ	223.8700	58.7107	——	——	451.2710	77.1117

2-2 安定性の検討 (常時)

1) 転倒に対する検討

抵抗モーメント $M_r = \Sigma V \cdot x = 451.271 \text{ kNm/m}$

転倒モーメント $M_o = \Sigma H \cdot y = 77.112 \text{ kNm/m}$

転倒安全率 $F = M_r / M_o = 451.271 / 77.112 = 5.852 > 1.5 \quad \therefore \text{O.K.}$

2) 地盤支持力(接地圧)に対する検討

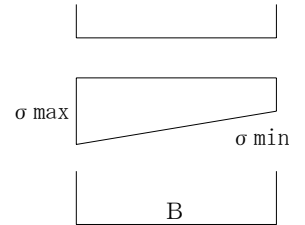
合力の作用位置 $d = (M_r - M_o) / \Sigma V = (451.271 - 77.112) / 223.870 = 1.671 \text{ m}$

偏心距離 $e = (B/2) - d = (3.700/2) - 1.671 = 0.179 \text{ m}$

最大接地圧 $\sigma_{\max} = (\Sigma V/B) \cdot \{1 + (6e/B)\}$
 $= (223.870/3.700) \times \{1 + (6 \times 0.179/3.700)\}$
 $= 78.037 \text{ kN/m}^2$

最小接地圧 $\sigma_{\min} = (\Sigma V/B) \cdot \{1 - (6e/B)\}$
 $= (223.870/3.700) \times \{1 - (6 \times 0.179/3.700)\}$
 $= 42.974 \text{ kN/m}^2$

$\sigma_{\max}, \sigma_{\min} < 100.0 \text{ kN/m}^2 \quad \therefore \text{O.K.}$



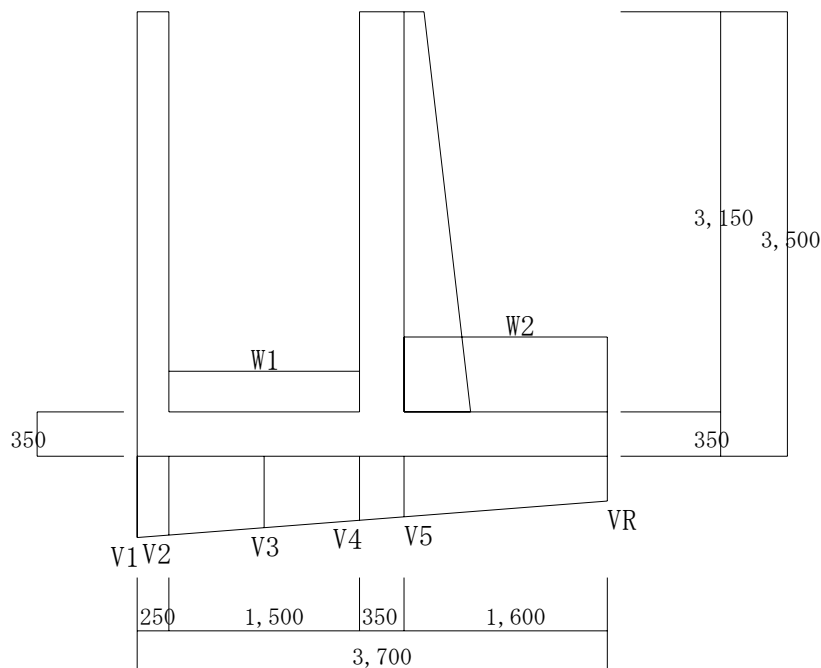
3) 滑り出しに対する検討

水平力の総和 $\Sigma H = 58.711 \text{ kN/m}$

滑動に対する抵抗力 $R_H = C \cdot B + \Sigma V \cdot \mu = 0.0 \times 3.700 + 223.870 \times 0.4 = 89.548 \text{ kN/m}$

滑動安全率 $F = R_H / \Sigma H = 89.548 / 58.711 = 1.525 > 1.5 \quad \therefore \text{O.K.}$

2-3 断面の計算 (常時)



中立軸までの距離

$$X_n = (B/2) \cdot [1 + \{B/(6e)\}] = (3.700/2) \times [1 + \{3.700/(6 \times 0.179)\}] = 8.235\text{m}$$

V1=78.037KN/m² V2=75.667KN/m² V3=68.560KN/m² V4=61.453KN/m²
V5=58.136KN/m² VR=42.974KN/m²

$$\begin{aligned} W_1 &= (1.500 \times 17.0) + (0.350 \times 24.0) + 5.00 = 38.900 \text{ kN/m}^2 \\ W_2 &= (3.150 \times 17.0) + (0.350 \times 24.0) + 10.00 = 71.950 \text{ kN/m}^2 \end{aligned}$$

地表面と水平面とのなす角度 : $\beta = 0.00^\circ$
 後壁背面と鉛直面とのなす角度 : $\theta = 0.00^\circ$

主働土圧係数

$$\begin{aligned}
 KA &= \frac{\cos^2(\phi - \theta)}{\cos^2 \theta \cos(\theta + \delta) \left[1 + \sqrt{\frac{\sin(\phi + \delta) \sin(\phi - \beta)}{\cos(\theta + \delta) \cos(\theta - \beta)}} \right]^2} \\
 &= \frac{\cos^2(24.00^\circ - 0.00^\circ)}{\cos^2(0.00^\circ) \times \cos(0.00^\circ + 16.00^\circ) \times \left[1 + \sqrt{\frac{\sin(24.00^\circ + 16.00^\circ) \times \sin(24.00^\circ - 0.00^\circ)}{\cos(0.00^\circ + 16.00^\circ) \times \cos(0.00^\circ - 0.00^\circ)}} \right]^2} \\
 &= \frac{0.8346}{1.0000 \times 0.9613 \times \left[1 + \sqrt{\frac{0.6428 \times 0.4067}{0.9613 \times 1.0000}} \right]^2} \\
 &= 0.375
 \end{aligned}$$

1) たて壁 (中央部)

$$PAX = 1/2 \cdot KA \cdot \gamma \cdot H^2 \cdot \cos(16.00^\circ + 0.00^\circ) = 1/2 \times 0.375 \times 17.0 \times 1.575^2 \times 0.9613 = 7.601 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$\Delta PAX = KA \cdot q \cdot H \cdot \cos(16.00^\circ + 0.00^\circ) = 0.375 \times 10.0 \times 1.575 \times 0.9613 = 5.677 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$M = PAX \cdot n + \Delta PAX \cdot n = \{7.601 \times (1.575/3) + 5.677 \times (1.575/2)\} \times 10^5 = 846136 \text{ Ncm/m}$$

$$S = PAX + \Delta PAX = (7.601 + 5.677) \times 10^3 = 13278 \text{ N/m}$$

$$D = 35.00 \text{ cm} \quad d = 28.05 \text{ cm} \quad j = 24.544 \text{ cm}$$

$$at = M / (ft \cdot j) = 846136 / (19500 \times 24.544) = 1.768 \text{ cm}^2/\text{m}$$

$$\phi = S / (fa \cdot j) = 13278 / (140.00 \times 24.544) = 3.864 \text{ cm/m}$$

配筋 D19-1552@ -----> ∴ D19-300@ とする

$$n = 15 \quad b = 100 \text{ cm}$$

$$p = As / (b \cdot d) = 955.000 / (1000 \times 280.50) = 0.00340$$

$$k = \text{sqr}\{2n \cdot p + (n \cdot p)^2\} - n \cdot p = \text{sqr}\{2 \times 15 \times 0.00340 + (15 \times 0.00340)^2\} - 15 \times 0.00340 = 0.273$$

$$j = 1 - (K/3) = 1 - (0.273/3) = 0.909$$

- コンクリートの曲げ圧縮応力度

$$\sigma_c = 2M / (k \cdot j \cdot b \cdot d^2) = 2 \times 846136 / (0.273 \times 0.909 \times 1000 \times 280.50^2) = 0.868 \text{ N/mm}^2$$

$$< \sigma_{ca} = 7.0 \text{ N/mm}^2 \quad \therefore \text{O.K.}$$

- 鉄筋の引張応力度

$$\sigma_s = M / (As \cdot j \cdot d) = 846136 / (955.000 \times 0.909 \times 280.50) = 34.743 \text{ N/mm}^2$$

$$< \sigma_{sa} = 195 \text{ N/mm}^2 \quad \therefore \text{O.K.}$$

- コンクリートのせん断応力度

$$\tau_c = S / (b \cdot j \cdot d) = 13278 / (1000 \times 0.909 \times 280.50) = 0.052 \text{ N/mm}^2$$

$$< \tau_{ca} = 0.7 \text{ N/mm}^2 \quad \therefore \text{O.K.}$$

2) たて壁 (固定部)

$$PAX = 1/2 \cdot KA \cdot \gamma \cdot H^2 \cdot \cos(16.00^\circ + 0.00^\circ) = 1/2 \times 0.375 \times 17.0 \times 3.150^2 \times 0.9613 = 30.403 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$\Delta PAX = KA \cdot q \cdot H \cdot \cos(16.00^\circ + 0.00^\circ) = 0.375 \times 10.0 \times 3.150 \times 0.9613 = 11.355 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$M = PAX \cdot n + \Delta PAX \cdot n = \{30.403 \times (3.150/3) + 11.355 \times (3.150/2)\} \times 10^5 = 4980688 \text{ Ncm/m}$$

$$S = PAX + \Delta PAX = (30.403 + 11.355) \times 10^3 = 41758 \text{ N/m}$$

$$D = 35.00 \text{ cm} \quad d = 28.05 \text{ cm} \quad j = 24.544 \text{ cm}$$

$$at = M / (ft \cdot j) = 4980688 / (19500 \times 24.544) = 10.407 \text{ cm}^2/\text{m}$$

$$\phi = S / (fa \cdot j) = 41758 / (140.00 \times 24.544) = 12.153 \text{ cm/m}$$

配筋 D19-275@ -----> ∴ D19-150@ とする

$$n = 15 \quad b = 100 \text{ cm}$$

$$p = As / (b \cdot d) = 1910.000 / (1000 \times 280.50) = 0.00681$$

$$k = \text{sqr}\{2n \cdot p + (n \cdot p)^2\} - n \cdot p = \text{sqr}\{2 \times 15 \times 0.00681 + (15 \times 0.00681)^2\} - 15 \times 0.00681 = 0.361$$

$$j = 1 - (K/3) = 1 - (0.361/3) = 0.880$$

- コンクリートの曲げ圧縮応力度

$$\sigma_c = 2M / (k \cdot j \cdot b \cdot d^2) = 2 \times 4980688 / (0.361 \times 0.880 \times 1000 \times 280.50^2) = 3.985 \text{ N/mm}^2$$

$$< \sigma_{ca} = 7.0 \text{ N/mm}^2 \quad \therefore \text{O.K.}$$

- 鉄筋の引張応力度

$$\sigma_s = M / (As \cdot j \cdot d) = 4980688 / (1910.000 \times 0.880 \times 280.50) = 105.692 \text{ N/mm}^2$$

$$< \sigma_{sa} = 195 \text{ N/mm}^2 \quad \therefore \text{O.K.}$$

- コンクリートのせん断応力度

$$\tau_c = S / (b \cdot j \cdot d) = 41758 / (1000 \times 0.880 \times 280.50) = 0.169 \text{ N/mm}^2$$

$$< \tau_{ca} = 0.7 \text{ N/mm}^2 \quad \therefore \text{O.K.}$$

3) 底版 (中央部)

$$\begin{aligned}
 C1 &= (W1 \cdot B^2) / 12 = (38.900 \times 1.500^2) / 12 = 7.294 \text{KNm/m} \\
 M1 &= (W1 \cdot B^2) / 8 - C1 = (38.900 \times 1.500^2) / 8 - 7.294 = 3.647 \text{KNm/m} \\
 C21 &= (V4 \cdot B^2 / 12) + \{ (V2 - V4) \cdot B^2 / 20 \} \\
 &= (61.453 \times 1.500^2) / 12 + \{ (75.667 - 61.453) \times 1.500^2 / 20 \} = 13.122 \text{KNm/m} \\
 C22 &= (V4 \cdot B^2 / 12) + \{ (V2 - V4) \cdot B^2 / 30 \} \\
 &= (61.453 \times 1.500^2) / 12 + \{ (75.667 - 61.453) \times 1.500^2 / 30 \} = 12.589 \text{KNm/m} \\
 M2 &= (V4 \cdot B^2 / 8) + (V2 - V4) \cdot B^2 / (9 \cdot \text{Sqr}(3)) - (C21 + C22) / 2 \\
 &= (61.453 \times 1.500^2) / 8 + (75.667 - 61.453) \times 1.500^2 / (9 \times \text{Sqr}(3)) \\
 &\quad - (13.122 + 12.589) / 2 = 6.480 \text{KNm/m} \\
 M &= |M1 - M2| = |3.647 - 6.480| \times 10^5 = 283342 \text{Ncm/m}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 D &= 35.00 \text{cm} \quad d = 28.05 \text{cm} \quad j = 24.544 \text{cm} \\
 at &= M / (ft \cdot j) = 283342 / (19500 \times 24.544) = 0.592 \text{cm}^2/\text{m}
 \end{aligned}$$

配筋 D19-4839@ ----> ∴ D19-300@ とする

$$\begin{aligned}
 n &= 15 \quad b = 100 \text{cm} \\
 p &= As / (b \cdot d) = 955.000 / (1000 \times 280.50) = 0.00340 \\
 k &= \text{sqr} \{ 2n \cdot p + (n \cdot p)^2 \} - n \cdot p = \text{sqr} \{ 2 \times 15 \times 0.00340 + (15 \times 0.00340)^2 \} - 15 \times 0.00340 = 0.273 \\
 j &= 1 - (K/3) = 1 - (0.273/3) = 0.909
 \end{aligned}$$

- ・コンクリートの曲げ圧縮応力度
 $\sigma_c = 2M / (k \cdot j \cdot b \cdot d^2) = 2 \times 2833420 / (0.273 \times 0.909 \times 1000 \times 280.50^2) = 0.291 \text{N/mm}^2$
 $< \sigma_{ca} = 7.0 \text{N/mm}^2 \quad \therefore \text{O.K.}$
- ・鉄筋の引張応力度
 $\sigma_s = M / (As \cdot j \cdot d) = 2833420 / (955.000 \times 0.909 \times 280.50) = 11.634 \text{N/mm}^2$
 $< \sigma_{sa} = 195 \text{N/mm}^2 \quad \therefore \text{O.K.}$

4) 底版 (前面固定部)

$$\begin{aligned}
 C1 &= (W1 \cdot B^2) / 12 = (38.900 \times 1.500^2) / 12 = 7.294 \text{KNm/m} \\
 M1 &= C1 = 7.294 \text{KNm/m} \\
 S1 &= (W1 \cdot B) / 2 = (38.900 \times 1.500) / 2 = 29.175 \text{KN/m} \\
 C21 &= (V4 \cdot B^2 / 12) + \{ (V2 - V4) \cdot B^2 / 20 \} \\
 &= (61.453 \times 1.500^2) / 12 + \{ (75.667 - 61.453) \times 1.500^2 / 20 \} = 13.122 \text{KNm/m} \\
 M2 &= C21 = 13.122 \text{KNm/m} \\
 S2 &= (V4 \cdot B) / 2 + (V2 - V4) \cdot B / 3 = (61.453 \times 1.500) / 2 + (75.667 - 61.453) \times 1.500 / 3 = 53.197 \text{KN/m} \\
 M &= |M1 - M2| = |7.294 - 13.122| \times 10^5 = 582782 \text{Ncm/m} \\
 S &= |S1 - S2| = |29.175 - 53.197| \times 10^3 = 24022 \text{N/m}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 D &= 35.00 \text{cm} \quad d = 28.05 \text{cm} \quad j = 24.544 \text{cm} \\
 at &= M / (ft \cdot j) = 582782 / (19500 \times 24.544) = 1.218 \text{cm}^2/\text{m} \\
 \phi &= S / (fa \cdot j) = 24022 / (140.00 \times 24.544) = 6.991 \text{cm/m}
 \end{aligned}$$

配筋 D19-858@ ----> ∴ D19-300@ とする

$$\begin{aligned}
 n &= 15 \quad b = 100 \text{cm} \\
 p &= As / (b \cdot d) = 955.000 / (1000 \times 280.50) = 0.00340 \\
 k &= \text{sqr} \{ 2n \cdot p + (n \cdot p)^2 \} - n \cdot p = \text{sqr} \{ 2 \times 15 \times 0.00340 + (15 \times 0.00340)^2 \} - 15 \times 0.00340 = 0.273 \\
 j &= 1 - (K/3) = 1 - (0.273/3) = 0.909
 \end{aligned}$$

- ・コンクリートの曲げ圧縮応力度
 $\sigma_c = 2M / (k \cdot j \cdot b \cdot d^2) = 2 \times 5827818 / (0.273 \times 0.909 \times 1000 \times 280.50^2) = 0.598 \text{N/mm}^2$
 $< \sigma_{ca} = 7.0 \text{N/mm}^2 \quad \therefore \text{O.K.}$
- ・鉄筋の引張応力度
 $\sigma_s = M / (As \cdot j \cdot d) = 5827818 / (955.000 \times 0.909 \times 280.50) = 23.930 \text{N/mm}^2$
 $< \sigma_{sa} = 195 \text{N/mm}^2 \quad \therefore \text{O.K.}$
- ・コンクリートのせん断応力度
 $\tau_c = S / (b \cdot j \cdot d) = 24022 / (1000 \times 0.909 \times 280.50) = 0.094 \text{N/mm}^2$
 $< \tau_{ca} = 0.7 \text{N/mm}^2 \quad \therefore \text{O.K.}$

5) 底版 (後面固定部)

$$\begin{aligned}
 C1 &= (W1 \cdot B^2) / 12 = (38.900 \times 1.500^2) / 12 = 7.294 \text{KNm/m} \\
 M1 &= C1 = 7.294 \text{KNm/m} \\
 S1 &= (W1 \cdot B) / 2 = (38.900 \times 1.500) / 2 = 29.175 \text{KN/m} \\
 C22 &= (V4 \cdot B^2 / 12) + \{ (V2 - V4) \cdot B^2 / 30 \} \\
 &= (61.453 \times 1.500^2) / 12 + \{ (75.667 - 61.453) \times 1.500^2 / 30 \} = 12.589 \text{KNm/m} \\
 M2 &= C22 = 12.589 \text{KNm/m} \\
 S2 &= (V4 \cdot B) / 2 + (V2 - V4) \cdot B / 6 = (61.453 \times 1.500) / 2 + (75.667 - 61.453) \times 1.500 / 6 = 49.643 \text{KN/m} \\
 M &= |M1 - M2| = |7.294 - 12.589| \times 10^5 = 529478 \text{Ncm/m} \\
 S &= |S1 - S2| = |29.175 - 49.643| \times 10^3 = 20468 \text{N/m} \\
 D &= 35.00 \text{cm} \quad d = 28.05 \text{cm} \quad j = 24.544 \text{cm} \\
 at &= M / (ft \cdot j) = 529478 / (19500 \times 24.544) = 1.106 \text{cm}^2/\text{m} \\
 \phi &= S / (fa \cdot j) = 20468 / (140.00 \times 24.544) = 5.957 \text{cm/m}
 \end{aligned}$$

配筋 D19-1007@ -----> ∴ D19-300@ とする

$$\begin{aligned}
 n &= 15 \quad b = 100 \text{cm} \\
 p &= As / (b \cdot d) = 955.000 / (1000 \times 280.50) = 0.00340 \\
 k &= \sqrt{2n \cdot p + (n \cdot p)^2} - n \cdot p = \sqrt{2 \times 15 \times 0.00340 + (15 \times 0.00340)^2} - 15 \times 0.00340 = 0.273 \\
 j &= 1 - (k/3) = 1 - (0.273/3) = 0.909
 \end{aligned}$$

- ・コンクリートの曲げ圧縮応力度
 $\sigma_c = 2M / (k \cdot j \cdot b \cdot d^2) = 2 \times 5294776 / (0.273 \times 0.909 \times 1000 \times 280.50^2) = 0.543 \text{N/mm}^2$
 $< \sigma_{ca} = 7.0 \text{N/mm}^2 \quad \therefore \text{O.K.}$
- ・鉄筋の引張応力度
 $\sigma_s = M / (As \cdot j \cdot d) = 5294776 / (955.000 \times 0.909 \times 280.50) = 21.741 \text{N/mm}^2$
 $< \sigma_{sa} = 195 \text{N/mm}^2 \quad \therefore \text{O.K.}$
- ・コンクリートのせん断応力度
 $\tau_c = S / (b \cdot j \cdot d) = 20468 / (1000 \times 0.909 \times 280.50) = 0.080 \text{N/mm}^2$
 $< \tau_{ca} = 0.7 \text{N/mm}^2 \quad \therefore \text{O.K.}$

6) かかと版 (固定部)

$$\begin{aligned}
 M1 &= (W2 \cdot B^2) / 2 = (71.950 \times 1.600^2) / 2 = 92.096 \text{KNm/m} \\
 S1 &= W2 \cdot B = 71.950 \times 1.600 = 115.120 \text{KN/m} \\
 M2 &= (V5 + 2 \cdot VR) \cdot B^2 / 6 = (58.136 + 2 \times 42.974) \times 1.600^2 / 6 = 61.476 \text{KNm/m} \\
 S2 &= (V5 + VR) \cdot B / 2 = (58.136 + 42.974) \times 1.600 / 2 = 80.888 \text{KN/m} \\
 M &= |M1 - M2| = |92.096 - 61.476| \times 10^5 = 3061979 \text{Ncm/m} \\
 S &= |S1 - S2| = |115.120 - 80.888| \times 10^3 = 34232 \text{N/m} \\
 D &= 35.00 \text{cm} \quad d = 28.05 \text{cm} \quad j = 24.544 \text{cm} \\
 at &= M / (ft \cdot j) = 3061979 / (19500 \times 24.544) = 6.398 \text{cm}^2/\text{m} \\
 \phi &= S / (fa \cdot j) = 34232 / (140.00 \times 24.544) = 9.962 \text{cm/m}
 \end{aligned}$$

配筋 D19-447@ -----> ∴ D19-300@ とする

$$\begin{aligned}
 n &= 15 \quad b = 100 \text{cm} \\
 p &= As / (b \cdot d) = 955.000 / (1000 \times 280.50) = 0.00340 \\
 k &= \sqrt{2n \cdot p + (n \cdot p)^2} - n \cdot p = \sqrt{2 \times 15 \times 0.00340 + 15 \times 0.00340^2} - 15 \times 0.00340 = 0.273 \\
 j &= 1 - (k/3) = 1 - (0.273/3) = 0.909
 \end{aligned}$$

- ・コンクリートの曲げ圧縮応力度
 $\sigma_c = 2M / (k \cdot j \cdot b \cdot d^2) = 2 \times 3061979 / (0.273 \times 0.909 \times 1000 \times 280.50^2) = 3.141 \text{N/mm}^2$
 $< \sigma_{ca} = 7.0 \text{N/mm}^2 \quad \therefore \text{O.K.}$
- ・鉄筋の引張応力度
 $\sigma_s = M / (As \cdot j \cdot d) = 3061979 / (955.000 \times 0.909 \times 280.50) = 125.729 \text{N/mm}^2$
 $< \sigma_{sa} = 195 \text{N/mm}^2 \quad \therefore \text{O.K.}$
- ・コンクリートのせん断応力度
 $\tau_c = S / (b \cdot j \cdot d) = 34232 / (1000 \times 0.909 \times 280.50) = 0.139 \text{N/mm}^2$
 $< \tau_{ca} = 0.7 \text{N/mm}^2 \quad \therefore \text{O.K.}$

§ 1. 一般事項(常時)

1-1 工作物の概要

- ・ 築造地 : 奈良市
- ・ 形 式 : U型鉄筋コンクリート造擁壁

1-2 使用材料 及 許容応力度

- ・ コンクリート
 - 設計基準強度 : $F_c = 21 \text{ N/mm}^2$
 - 許容圧縮応力度 : $\sigma_{ca} = 7.0 \text{ N/mm}^2$
 - 許容せん断応力度 : $\tau_{ca} = 0.7 \text{ N/mm}^2$
 - 許容付着応力度 : $f_a = 1.4 \text{ N/mm}^2$
- ・ 鉄 筋
 - 許容引張応力度 : $f_t = 195.0 \text{ N/mm}^2$
- ・ 鉄筋コンクリート
 - 単位体積重量 : $r = 24.0 \text{ kN/m}^3$

1-3 設計条件

◎背面土

- ・ 土質の種類 : 砂質土
- ・ 土の単位体積重量 : $\gamma_s = 17.0 \text{ kN/m}^3$
- ・ 内部摩擦角 : $\phi = 24.0^\circ$
- ・ 粘 着 力 : $C = 0 \text{ kN/m}^2$
- ・ 仮想背面と土との摩擦角 : (安定計算時) $\delta = 0.00^\circ$
- ・ 壁背面と土との摩擦角 : (断面計算時) $\delta = 16.00^\circ$

○土圧

直接入力 $KA = 0.4$

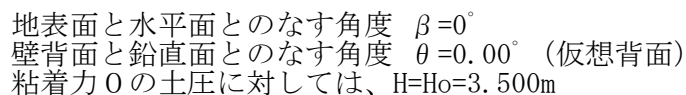
◎支持地盤

- ・ 土質の種類 : 砂質土
- ・ 内部摩擦角 : $\phi = 24.0^\circ$
- ・ 粘 着 力 : $C = 0 \text{ kN/m}^2$
- ・ 許容地耐力 : $f_e = 100 \text{ kN/m}^2$
- ・ 底盤の摩擦係数 : $\mu = 0.4$

1-4 設計方針

- ・ 本計算は、片持梁式鉄筋コンクリート擁壁として、すべて土圧にて行う。
- ・ 本計算は、宅地造成等規制法、同施行令、建築基準法、同施行令、及び、日本建築学会諸基準「鉄筋コンクリート構造計算基準、建築基礎構造設計指針」に準拠して行う。
なお、応力計算は、日本土木学会「コンクリート標準示方書」による。

3-1 荷重の計算 (常時)



区 分	面 積 A (m2)	単位重量 γ (kN/m3)	重 量 W (kN/m)	重心距離 (m)		モーメント (kN・m/m)	
				x	y	W・x	W・y
①前たて壁	$3.200 \times (0.250 + 0.300) / 2 + 0.300 \times 0.300 = 0.9700$	24.0	23.2800	0.461	—	10.7320	—
②後たて壁	$3.200 \times (0.250 + 0.300) / 2 + 0.300 \times 0.300 = 0.9700$	24.0	23.2800	2.239	—	52.1240	—
③底版	$1.500 \times 0.300 = 0.4500$	24.0	10.8000	1.350	—	14.5800	—
④かかと版	$0.300 \times (0.300 + 0.250) / 2 = 0.0825$	24.0	1.9800	2.545	—	5.0400	—
⑤つま先版	$0.300 \times (0.300 + 0.250) / 2 = 0.0825$	24.0	1.9800	0.155	—	0.3060	—
⑥中央土	$1.500 \times 2.000 = 3.0000$	17.0	51.0000	1.350	—	68.8500	—
⑦背面土	$3.200 \times (0.300 + 0.350) / 2 + 0.300 \times 0.050 / 2 = 1.0475$	17.0	17.8075	2.538	—	45.1888	—
⑧前面土	$3.200 \times (0.300 + 0.350) / 2 + 0.300 \times 0.050 / 2 = 1.0475$	17.0	17.8075	0.162	—	2.8914	—
合 計 Σ		—	147.9350	—	—	199.7123	—

背面上載荷重・・・ $W=10.00 \times 0.3500=3.5000\text{kN/m}$
 中央上載荷重・・・ $W=5.00 \times 1.5000=7.5000\text{kN/m}$
 前面上載荷重・・・ $W=10.00 \times 0.3500=3.5000\text{kN/m}$

3) 擁壁に及ぼす土圧

主働土圧係数 $K_A=0.40$

前面及び背面土による土圧

$$PA = 1/2 \cdot K_A \cdot \gamma \cdot H^2 = 1/2 \times 0.40 \times 17.0 \times 3.500^2 = 41.6500 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$PAX = PA \cdot \cos \delta = PA \cdot \cos 0.00^\circ = 41.6500 \times 1.0000 = 41.6500 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$PAY = PA \cdot \sin \delta = PA \cdot \sin 0.00^\circ = 41.6500 \times 0.0000 = 0.0000 \text{ kN/m}$$

背面上載荷重による土圧

$$\Delta PA = K_A \cdot q \cdot H = 0.40 \times 10.0 \times 3.500 = 14.0000 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$\Delta PAX = \Delta PA \cdot \cos \delta = \Delta PA \cdot \cos 0.00^\circ = 14.0000 \times 1.0000 = 14.0000 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$\Delta PAY = \Delta PA \cdot \sin \delta = \Delta PA \cdot \sin 0.00^\circ = 14.0000 \times 0.0000 = 0.0000 \text{ kN/m}$$

作用点の位置

$$PAX : y = H/3 = 3.500/3 = 1.167 \text{ m}$$

$$\Delta PAX : y = H/2 = 3.500/2 = 1.750 \text{ m}$$

4) 荷重の集計

荷重の種類	鉛 直 力 V (kN/m)	水 平 力 H (kN/m)	作 用 点 (m)		モーメント (kN・m/m)	
			x	y	V・x	H・y
自 重 (W)	147.9350	——	1.350	——	199.7123	——
背面上載荷重	3.5000	——	2.525	——	8.8375	——
中央上載荷重	7.5000	——	1.350	——	10.1250	——
前面上載荷重	3.5000	——	0.175	——	0.6125	——
合 計 Σ	162.4350	——	——	——	219.2873	——

両面对称土圧の為、土圧によるモーメント $\Sigma Hy = 0$

3-2 安定性の検討 (常時)

1) 転倒に対する検討

対称土圧の為、転倒は生じない。

2) 地盤支持力(接地圧)に対する検討

抵抗モーメント $M_r = \sum V \cdot x = 219.287 \text{ kNm/m}$

転倒モーメント $M_o = \sum H \cdot y = 0 \text{ kNm/m}$

合力の作用位置 $d = (M_r - M_o) / \sum V = (219.287 - 0.000) / 162.435 = 1.350 \text{ m}$

偏心距離 $e = (B/2) - d = (2.700/2) - 1.350 = 0.000 \text{ m}$

最大接地圧 $\sigma_{\max} = (\sum V/B) \cdot \{1 + (6e/B)\}$
 $= (162.435/2.700) \times \{1 + (6 \times 0.000/2.700)\}$
 $= 60.161 \text{ kN/m}^2$

$\sigma_{\max} < 100.0 \text{ kN/m}^2 \quad \therefore \text{O.K.}$

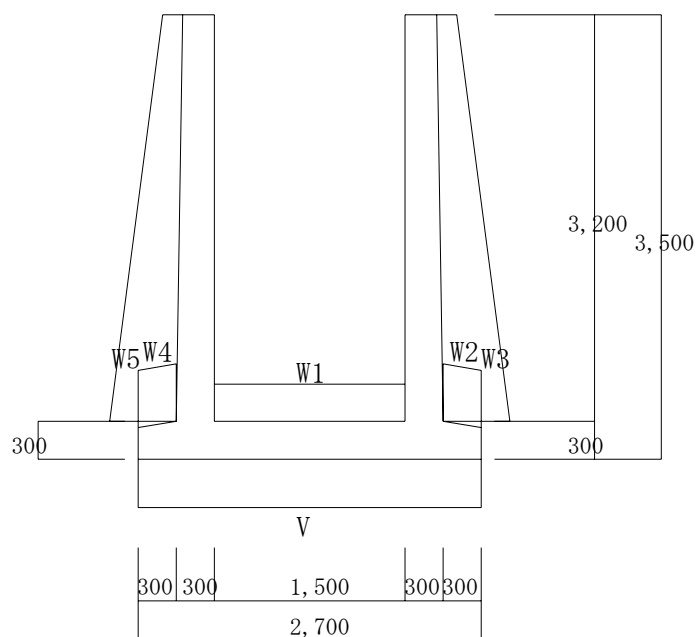
σ_{\max}

B

3) 滑り出しに対する検討

対称土圧の為、滑動は生じない。

3-3 断面の計算（常時）



$$V=60.161\text{KN/m}^2$$

$$W1=(2.000 \times 17.0) + (0.300 \times 24.0) + 5.00=46.200\text{KN/m}^2$$

$$W2=(3.200 \times 17.0) + (0.300 \times 24.0) + 10.00=71.600\text{KN/m}^2$$

$$W3=(3.250 \times 17.0) + (0.250 \times 24.0) + 10.00=71.250\text{KN/m}^2$$

$$W4=(3.200 \times 17.0) + (0.300 \times 24.0) + 10.00=71.600\text{KN/m}^2$$

$$W5=(3.250 \times 17.0) + (0.250 \times 24.0) + 10.00=71.250\text{KN/m}^2$$

$$\text{地表面と水平面とのなす角度} : \beta = 0.00^\circ$$

$$\text{後壁背面と鉛直面とのなす角度} : \theta = 0.90^\circ$$

$$\text{主働土圧係数 } K_A=0.40$$

1) たて壁 (中央部)

$$\begin{aligned}
 PAX &= 1/2 \cdot KA \cdot \gamma \cdot H^2 \cdot \cos(16.00^\circ + 0.895^\circ) = 1/2 \times 0.40 \times 17.0 \times 1.600^2 \times 0.9568 = 8.328 \text{ kN/m} \\
 \Delta PAX &= KA \cdot q \cdot H \cdot \cos(16.00^\circ + 0.895^\circ) = 0.40 \times 10.0 \times 1.600 \times 0.9568 = 6.124 \text{ kN/m} \\
 M &= PAX \cdot n + \Delta PAX \cdot n = \{8.328 \times (1.600/3) + 6.124 \times (1.600/2)\} \times 10^5 = 934078 \text{ Ncm/m} \\
 S &= PAX + \Delta PAX = (8.328 + 6.124) \times 10^3 = 14452 \text{ N/m}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 D &= 27.50 \text{ cm} & d &= 20.55 \text{ cm} & j &= 17.981 \text{ cm} \\
 at &= M / (ft \cdot j) = 934078 / (19500 \times 17.981) = 2.664 \text{ cm}^2/\text{m} \\
 \phi &= S / (fa \cdot j) = 14452 / (140.00 \times 17.981) = 5.741 \text{ cm/m}
 \end{aligned}$$

配筋 D19-1045@ -----> ∴ D19-300@ とする

$$\begin{aligned}
 n &= 15 & b &= 100 \text{ cm} \\
 p &= As / (b \cdot d) = 955.000 / (1000 \times 205.50) = 0.00465 \\
 k &= \text{sqr}\{2n \cdot p + (n \cdot p)^2\} - n \cdot p = \text{sqr}\{2 \times 15 \times 0.00465 + (15 \times 0.00465)^2\} - 15 \times 0.00465 = 0.310 \\
 j &= 1 - (K/3) = 1 - (0.310/3) = 0.897
 \end{aligned}$$

- ・コンクリートの曲げ圧縮応力度
 $\sigma_c = 2M / (k \cdot j \cdot b \cdot d^2) = 2 \times 934078 / (0.310 \times 0.897 \times 1000 \times 205.50^2) = 1.591 \text{ N/mm}^2$
 $< \sigma_{ca} = 7.0 \text{ N/mm}^2 \quad \therefore \text{O.K.}$
- ・鉄筋の引張応力度
 $\sigma_s = M / (As \cdot j \cdot d) = 934078 / (955.000 \times 0.897 \times 205.50) = 53.083 \text{ N/mm}^2$
 $< \sigma_{sa} = 195 \text{ N/mm}^2 \quad \therefore \text{O.K.}$
- ・コンクリートのせん断応力度
 $\tau_c = S / (b \cdot j \cdot d) = 14452 / (1000 \times 0.897 \times 205.50) = 0.078 \text{ N/mm}^2$
 $< \tau_{ca} = 0.7 \text{ N/mm}^2 \quad \therefore \text{O.K.}$

2) たて壁 (固定部)

$$\begin{aligned}
 PAX &= 1/2 \cdot KA \cdot \gamma \cdot H^2 \cdot \cos(16.00^\circ + 0.895^\circ) = 1/2 \times 0.40 \times 17.0 \times 3.200^2 \times 0.9568 = 33.313 \text{ kN/m} \\
 \Delta PAX &= KA \cdot q \cdot H \cdot \cos(16.00^\circ + 0.895^\circ) = 0.40 \times 10.0 \times 3.200 \times 0.9568 = 12.248 \text{ kN/m} \\
 M &= PAX \cdot n + \Delta PAX \cdot n = \{33.313 \times (3.200/3) + 12.248 \times (3.200/2)\} \times 10^5 = 5513021 \text{ Ncm/m} \\
 S &= PAX + \Delta PAX = (33.313 + 12.248) \times 10^3 = 45561 \text{ N/m}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 D &= 30.00 \text{ cm} & d &= 23.05 \text{ cm} & j &= 20.169 \text{ cm} \\
 at &= M / (ft \cdot j) = 5513021 / (19500 \times 20.169) = 14.018 \text{ cm}^2/\text{m} \\
 \phi &= S / (fa \cdot j) = 45561 / (140.00 \times 20.169) = 16.136 \text{ cm/m}
 \end{aligned}$$

配筋 D19-204@ -----> ∴ D19-150@ とする

$$\begin{aligned}
 n &= 15 & b &= 100 \text{ cm} \\
 p &= As / (b \cdot d) = 1910.000 / (1000 \times 230.50) = 0.00829 \\
 k &= \text{sqr}\{2n \cdot p + (n \cdot p)^2\} - n \cdot p = \text{sqr}\{2 \times 15 \times 0.00829 + (15 \times 0.00829)^2\} - 15 \times 0.00829 = 0.390 \\
 j &= 1 - (K/3) = 1 - (0.390/3) = 0.870
 \end{aligned}$$

- ・コンクリートの曲げ圧縮応力度
 $\sigma_c = 2M / (k \cdot j \cdot b \cdot d^2) = 2 \times 5513021 / (0.390 \times 0.870 \times 1000 \times 230.50^2) = 6.122 \text{ N/mm}^2$
 $< \sigma_{ca} = 7.0 \text{ N/mm}^2 \quad \therefore \text{O.K.}$
- ・鉄筋の引張応力度
 $\sigma_s = M / (As \cdot j \cdot d) = 5513021 / (1910.000 \times 0.870 \times 230.50) = 143.910 \text{ N/mm}^2$
 $< \sigma_{sa} = 195 \text{ N/mm}^2 \quad \therefore \text{O.K.}$
- ・コンクリートのせん断応力度
 $\tau_c = S / (b \cdot j \cdot d) = 45561 / (1000 \times 0.870 \times 230.50) = 0.227 \text{ N/mm}^2$
 $< \tau_{ca} = 0.7 \text{ N/mm}^2 \quad \therefore \text{O.K.}$

3) 底版 (中央部)

$$C1 = (W1 \cdot B^2) / 12 = (46.200 \times 1.500^2) / 12 = 8.663 \text{KNm/m}$$

$$M1 = (W1 \cdot B^2) / 8 - C1 = (46.200 \times 1.500^2) / 8 - 8.663 = 4.331 \text{KNm/m}$$

$$C2 = (V \cdot B^2) / 12 = (60.161 \times 1.500^2) / 12 = 11.280 \text{KNm/m}$$

$$M2 = (V \cdot B^2) / 8 - C2 = (60.161 \times 1.500^2) / 8 - 11.280 = 5.640 \text{KNm/m}$$

$$M = |M1 - M2| = |4.331 - 5.640| \times 10^5 = 130886 \text{Ncm/m}$$

$$D = 30.00 \text{cm} \quad d = 23.05 \text{cm} \quad j = 20.169 \text{cm}$$

$$at = M / (ft \cdot j) = 130886 / (19500 \times 20.169) = 0.333 \text{cm}^2/\text{m}$$

配筋 D19-8608@ -----> ∴ D19-300@ とする

$$n = 15 \quad b = 100 \text{cm}$$

$$p = As / (b \cdot d) = 955.000 / (1000 \times 230.50) = 0.00414$$

$$k = \sqrt{2n \cdot p + (n \cdot p)^2} - n \cdot p = \sqrt{2 \times 15 \times 0.00414 + (15 \times 0.00414)^2} - 15 \times 0.00414 = 0.296$$

$$j = 1 - (K/3) = 1 - (0.296/3) = 0.901$$

・コンクリートの曲げ圧縮応力度

$$\sigma_c = 2M / (k \cdot j \cdot b \cdot d^2) = 2 \times 130885 / (0.296 \times 0.901 \times 1000 \times 230.50^2) = 0.185 \text{N/mm}^2$$

$$< \sigma_{ca} = 7.0 \text{N/mm}^2 \quad \therefore \text{O.K.}$$

・鉄筋の引張応力度

$$\sigma_s = M / (As \cdot j \cdot d) = 130885 / (955.000 \times 0.901 \times 230.50) = 6.596 \text{N/mm}^2$$

$$< \sigma_{sa} = 195 \text{N/mm}^2 \quad \therefore \text{O.K.}$$

4) 底版 (前面固定部)

$$C1 = (W1 \cdot B^2) / 12 = (46.200 \times 1.500^2) / 12 = 8.663 \text{KNm/m}$$

$$M1 = C1 = 8.663 \text{KNm/m}$$

$$S1 = (W1 \cdot B) / 2 = (46.200 \times 1.500) / 2 = 34.650 \text{KN/m}$$

$$C2 = (V \cdot B^2) / 12 = (60.161 \times 1.500^2) / 12 = 11.280 \text{KNm/m}$$

$$M2 = C2 = 11.280 \text{KNm/m}$$

$$S2 = (V \cdot B) / 2 = (60.161 \times 1.500) / 2 = 45.121 \text{KN/m}$$

$$M = |M1 - M2| = |8.663 - 11.280| \times 10^5 = 261771 \text{Ncm/m}$$

$$S = |S1 - S2| = |34.650 - 45.121| \times 10^3 = 10471 \text{N/m}$$

$$D = 30.00 \text{cm} \quad d = 23.05 \text{cm} \quad j = 20.169 \text{cm}$$

$$at = M / (ft \cdot j) = 261771 / (19500 \times 20.169) = 0.666 \text{cm}^2/\text{m}$$

$$\phi = S / (fa \cdot j) = 10471 / (140.00 \times 20.169) = 3.708 \text{cm/m}$$

配筋 D19-1617@ -----> ∴ D19-300@ とする

$$n = 15 \quad b = 100 \text{cm}$$

$$p = As / (b \cdot d) = 955.000 / (1000 \times 230.50) = 0.00414$$

$$k = \sqrt{2n \cdot p + (n \cdot p)^2} - n \cdot p = \sqrt{2 \times 15 \times 0.00414 + (15 \times 0.00414)^2} - 15 \times 0.00414 = 0.296$$

$$j = 1 - (K/3) = 1 - (0.296/3) = 0.901$$

・コンクリートの曲げ圧縮応力度

$$\sigma_c = 2M / (k \cdot j \cdot b \cdot d^2) = 2 \times 261770 / (0.296 \times 0.901 \times 1000 \times 230.50^2) = 0.370 \text{N/mm}^2$$

$$< \sigma_{ca} = 7.0 \text{N/mm}^2 \quad \therefore \text{O.K.}$$

・鉄筋の引張応力度

$$\sigma_s = M / (As \cdot j \cdot d) = 261770 / (955.000 \times 0.901 \times 230.50) = 13.193 \text{N/mm}^2$$

$$< \sigma_{sa} = 195 \text{N/mm}^2 \quad \therefore \text{O.K.}$$

・コンクリートのせん断応力度

$$\tau_c = S / (b \cdot j \cdot d) = 10471 / (1000 \times 0.901 \times 230.50) = 0.050 \text{N/mm}^2$$

$$< \tau_{ca} = 0.7 \text{N/mm}^2 \quad \therefore \text{O.K.}$$

5) 底版 (後面固定部)

$$C1 = (W1 \cdot B^2) / 12 = (46.200 \times 1.500^2) / 12 = 8.663 \text{KN/m}$$

$$M1 = C1 = 8.663 \text{KNm/m}$$

$$S1 = (W1 \cdot B) / 2 = (46.200 \times 1.500) / 2 = 34.650 \text{KN/m}$$

$$C2 = (V \cdot B^2) / 12 = (60.161 \times 1.500^2) / 12 = 11.280 \text{KNm/m}$$

$$M2 = C2 = 11.280 \text{KNm/m}$$

$$S2 = (V \cdot B) / 2 = (60.161 \times 1.500) / 2 = 45.121 \text{KN/m}$$

$$M = |M1 - M2| = |8.663 - 11.280| \times 10^5 = 261771 \text{Ncm/m}$$

$$S = |S1 - S2| = |34.650 - 45.121| \times 10^3 = 10471 \text{N/m}$$

$$D = 30.00 \text{cm} \quad d = 23.05 \text{cm} \quad j = 20.169 \text{cm}$$

$$at = M / (ft \cdot j) = 261771 / (19500 \times 20.169) = 0.666 \text{cm}^2/\text{m}$$

$$\phi = S / (fa \cdot j) = 10471 / (140.00 \times 20.169) = 3.708 \text{cm/m}$$

配筋 D19-1617@ -----> ∴ D19-300@ とする

$$n = 15 \quad b = 100 \text{cm}$$

$$p = As / (b \cdot d) = 955.000 / (1000 \times 230.50) = 0.00414$$

$$k = \sqrt{2n \cdot p + (n \cdot p)^2} - n \cdot p = \sqrt{2 \times 15 \times 0.00414 + (15 \times 0.00414)^2} - 15 \times 0.00414 = 0.296$$

$$j = 1 - (K/3) = 1 - (0.296/3) = 0.901$$

・コンクリートの曲げ圧縮応力度

$$\sigma_c = 2M / (k \cdot j \cdot b \cdot d^2) = 2 \times 2617708 / (0.296 \times 0.901 \times 1000 \times 230.50^2) = 0.370 \text{N/mm}^2$$

$$< \sigma_{ca} = 7.0 \text{N/mm}^2 \quad \therefore \text{O.K.}$$

・鉄筋の引張応力度

$$\sigma_s = M / (As \cdot j \cdot d) = 2617708 / (955.000 \times 0.901 \times 230.50) = 13.193 \text{N/mm}^2$$

$$< \sigma_{sa} = 195 \text{N/mm}^2 \quad \therefore \text{O.K.}$$

・コンクリートのせん断応力度

$$\tau_c = S / (b \cdot j \cdot d) = 10471 / (1000 \times 0.901 \times 230.50) = 0.050 \text{N/mm}^2$$

$$< \tau_{ca} = 0.7 \text{N/mm}^2 \quad \therefore \text{O.K.}$$

6) かかと版 (固定部)

$$M1 = (W2 + 2 \cdot W3) \cdot B^2 / 6 = (71.600 + 2 \times 71.250) \times 0.300^2 / 6 = 3.212 \text{KNm/m}$$

$$S1 = (W2 + W3) \cdot B / 2 = (71.600 + 71.250) \times 0.300 / 2 = 21.428 \text{KN/m}$$

$$M2 = (V5 + 2 \cdot VR) \cdot B^2 / 6 = (60.161 + 2 \times 60.161) \times 0.300^2 / 6 = 2.707 \text{KNm/m}$$

$$S2 = (V5 + VR) \cdot B / 2 = (60.161 + 60.161) \times 0.300 / 2 = 18.048 \text{KN/m}$$

$$M = |M1 - M2| = |3.212 - 2.707| \times 10^5 = 50425 \text{Ncm/m}$$

$$S = |S1 - S2| = |21.428 - 18.048| \times 10^3 = 3379 \text{N/m}$$

$$D = 30.00 \text{cm} \quad d = 23.05 \text{cm} \quad j = 20.169 \text{cm}$$

$$at = M / (ft \cdot j) = 50425 / (19500 \times 20.169) = 0.128 \text{cm}^2/\text{m}$$

$$\phi = S / (fa \cdot j) = 3379 / (140.00 \times 20.169) = 1.197 \text{cm/m}$$

配筋 D19-5013@ -----> ∴ D19-300@ とする

$$n = 15 \quad b = 100 \text{cm}$$

$$p = As / (b \cdot d) = 955.000 / (1000 \times 230.50) = 0.00414$$

$$k = \sqrt{2n \cdot p + (n \cdot p)^2} - n \cdot p = \sqrt{2 \times 15 \times 0.00414 + 15 \times 0.00414^2} - 15 \times 0.00414 = 0.296$$

$$j = 1 - (K/3) = 1 - (0.296/3) = 0.901$$

・コンクリートの曲げ圧縮応力度

$$\sigma_c = 2M / (k \cdot j \cdot b \cdot d^2) = 2 \times 504250 / (0.296 \times 0.901 \times 1000 \times 230.50^2) = 0.071 \text{N/mm}^2$$

$$< \sigma_{ca} = 7.0 \text{N/mm}^2 \quad \therefore \text{O.K.}$$

・鉄筋の引張応力度

$$\sigma_s = M / (As \cdot j \cdot d) = 504250 / (955.000 \times 0.901 \times 230.50) = 2.541 \text{N/mm}^2$$

$$< \sigma_{sa} = 195 \text{N/mm}^2 \quad \therefore \text{O.K.}$$

・コンクリートのせん断応力度

$$\tau_c = S / (b \cdot j \cdot d) = 3379 / (1000 \times 0.901 \times 230.50) = 0.017 \text{N/mm}^2$$

$$< \tau_{ca} = 0.7 \text{N/mm}^2 \quad \therefore \text{O.K.}$$

7) つま先版 (固定部)

$$M1 = (W4 + 2 \cdot W5) \cdot B^2 / 6 = (71.600 + 2 \times 71.250) \times 0.300^2 / 6 = 3.212 \text{KNm/m}$$

$$S1 = (W4 + W5) \cdot B / 2 = (71.600 + 71.250) \times 0.300 / 2 = 21.428 \text{KN/m}$$

$$M2 = (V1 + 2 \cdot VP) \cdot B^2 / 6 = (60.161 + 2 \times 60.161) \times 0.300^2 / 6 = 2.707 \text{KNm/m}$$

$$S2 = (V1 + VP) \cdot B / 2 = (60.161 + 60.161) \times 0.300 / 2 = 18.048 \text{KN/m}$$

$$M = |M1 - M2| = |3.212 - 2.707| \times 10^5 = 50425 \text{Ncm/m}$$

$$S = |S1 - S2| = |21.428 - 18.048| \times 10^3 = 3379 \text{Ncm/m}$$

$$D = 30.00 \text{cm} \quad d = 23.05 \text{cm} \quad j = 20.169 \text{cm}$$

$$at = M / (ft \cdot j) = 50425 / (19500 \times 20.169) = 0.128 \text{cm}^2/\text{m}$$

$$\phi = S / (fa \cdot j) = 3379 / (140.00 \times 20.169) = 1.197 \text{cm/m}$$

配筋 D19-5013@ ----> ∴ D19-300@ とする

$$n = 15 \quad b = 100 \text{cm}$$

$$p = As / (b \cdot d) = 955.000 / (1000 \times 230.50) = 0.00414$$

$$k = \sqrt{2n \cdot p + (n \cdot p)^2} - n \cdot p = \sqrt{2 \times 15 \times 0.00414 + 15 \times 0.00414^2} - 15 \times 0.00414 = 0.296$$

$$j = 1 - (K/3) = 1 - (0.296/3) = 0.901$$

・コンクリートの曲げ圧縮応力度

$$\sigma_c = 2M / (k \cdot j \cdot b \cdot d^2) = 2 \times 504250 / (0.296 \times 0.901 \times 1000 \times 230.50^2) = 0.071 \text{N/mm}^2$$

$$< \sigma_{ca} = 7.0 \text{N/mm}^2 \quad \therefore \text{O.K.}$$

・鉄筋の引張応力度

$$\sigma_s = M / (As \cdot j \cdot d) = 504250 / (955.000 \times 0.901 \times 230.50) = 2.541 \text{N/mm}^2$$

$$< \sigma_{sa} = 195 \text{N/mm}^2 \quad \therefore \text{O.K.}$$

・コンクリートのせん断応力度

$$\tau_c = S / (b \cdot j \cdot d) = 3379 / (1000 \times 0.901 \times 230.50) = 0.016 \text{N/mm}^2$$

$$< \tau_{ca} = 0.7 \text{N/mm}^2 \quad \therefore \text{O.K.}$$

§ 1. 一般事項(地震時)

1-1 工作物の概要

- ・ 築造地 : 奈良市
- ・ 形 式 : U型鉄筋コンクリート造擁壁

1-2 使用材料 及 許容応力度

- ・ コンクリート
 - 設計基準強度 : $F_c = 21 \text{ N/mm}^2$
 - 許容圧縮応力度 : $\sigma_{ca} = 21.0 \text{ N/mm}^2$
 - 許容せん断応力度 : $\tau_{ca} = 2.1 \text{ N/mm}^2$
 - 許容付着応力度 : $f_a = 2.1 \text{ N/mm}^2$
- ・ 鉄 筋
 - 許容引張応力度 : $f_t = 295.0 \text{ N/mm}^2$
- ・ 鉄筋コンクリート
 - 単位体積重量 : $r = 24.0 \text{ kN/m}^3$

1-3 設計条件

◎背面土

- ・ 土質の種類 : 砂質土
- ・ 土の単位体積重量 : $\gamma_s = 17.0 \text{ kN/m}^3$
- ・ 内部摩擦角 : $\phi = 24.0^\circ$
- ・ 粘 着 力 : $C = 0 \text{ kN/m}^2$
- ・ 仮想背面と土との摩擦角 : (安定計算時) $\delta = \text{計算による}$
- ・ 壁背面と土との摩擦角 : (断面計算時) $\delta = 12.00^\circ$

○土圧

岡部・物部式による。(水平震度 $K_h = 0.25$)

◎支持地盤

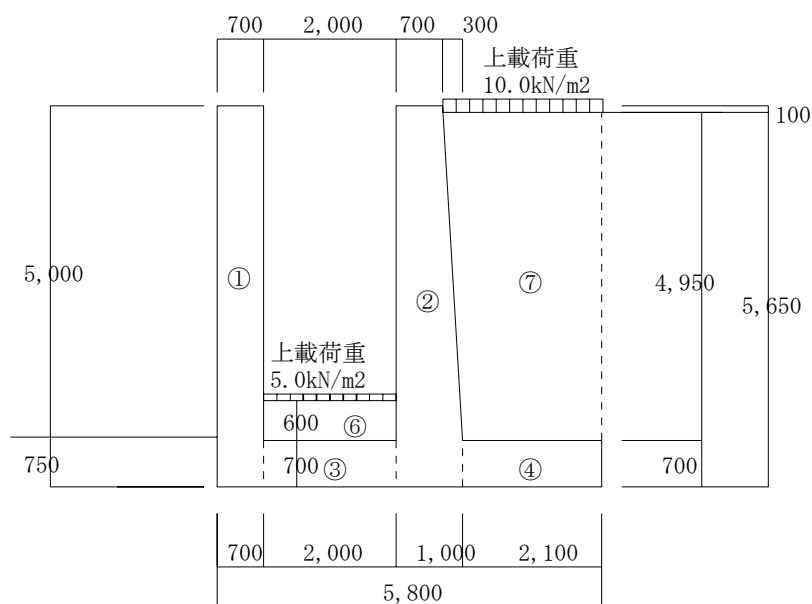
- ・ 土質の種類 : 砂質土
- ・ 内部摩擦角 : $\phi = 24.0^\circ$
- ・ 粘 着 力 : $C = 0 \text{ kN/m}^2$
- ・ 許容地耐力 : $f_e = 200 \text{ kN/m}^2$
- ・ 底盤の摩擦係数 : $\mu = 0.4$

1-4 設計方針

- ・ 本計算は、片持梁式鉄筋コンクリート擁壁として、すべて土圧にて行う。
- ・ 本計算は、宅地造成等規制法、同施行令、建築基準法、同施行令、及び、日本建築学会諸基準「鉄筋コンクリート構造計算基準、建築基礎構造設計指針」に準拠して行う。
なお、応力計算は、日本土木学会「コンクリート標準示方書」による。

§ 4. RC擁壁（3）の設計

4-1 荷重の計算（地震時）



地表面と水平面とのなす角度 $\beta=0^\circ$
 壁背面と鉛直面とのなす角度 $\theta=0.00^\circ$ （仮想背面）
 粘着力 0 の土圧に対しては、 $H=H_0=5.650\text{m}$

1) 自重

区 分	面 積 A (m ²)	単位重量 γ (kN/m ³)	重 量 W (kN/m)	重心距離 (m)		モーメント (kN・m/m)	
				x	y	W・x	W・y
①前たて壁	$0.700 \times 5.750 = 4.0250$	24.0	96.6000	0.350	—	33.8100	—
②後たて壁	$5.050 \times (0.700 + 1.000) / 2 + 1.000 \times 0.700 = 4.9925$	24.0	119.8200	3.118	—	373.6320	—
③底版	$2.000 \times 0.700 = 1.4000$	24.0	33.6000	1.700	—	57.1200	—
④かかと版	$2.100 \times 0.700 = 1.4700$	24.0	35.2800	4.750	—	167.5800	—
⑤つま先版							
⑥中央土	$2.000 \times 0.600 = 1.2000$	17.0	20.4000	1.700	—	34.6800	—
⑦背面土	$(2.100 + 2.394) \times 4.950 / 2 = 11.1228$	17.0	189.0875	4.675	—	883.9619	—
⑧前面土							
合 計 Σ		—	494.7876	—	—	1550.7839	—

重心 $x = \Sigma W \cdot x / \Sigma W = 1550.784 / 494.788 = 3.134\text{m}$

2) 上載荷重

背面上載荷重・・・ $W = 10.00 \times 2.3941 = 23.9406\text{kN/m}$
 中央上載荷重・・・ $W = 5.00 \times 2.0000 = 10.0000\text{kN/m}$

3) 擁壁に及ぼす土圧

設計水平震度 $K_h=0.25$ 設計鉛直震度 $K_v=0.00$

地震合成角 $\theta_k = \text{Atn}\{K_h/(1-K_v)\} = \text{Atn}\{0.25/(1-0.00)\} = 14.04^\circ$

土(仮想背面)と土との摩擦角

$$\sin \Delta = \frac{\sin(\beta + \theta_k)}{\sin \phi} = \frac{\sin(0.00^\circ + 14.04^\circ)}{\sin 24.00^\circ} = \frac{0.2425}{0.4067} = 0.5963 \quad \therefore \Delta = 36.61^\circ$$

$$\tan \delta = \frac{\sin \phi \cdot \sin(\theta_k + \Delta - \beta)}{1 - \sin \phi \cdot \cos(\theta_k + \Delta - \beta)} = \frac{\sin 24.00^\circ \times \sin(14.04^\circ + 36.61^\circ - 0.00^\circ)}{1 - \sin 24.00^\circ \times \cos(14.04^\circ + 36.61^\circ - 0.00^\circ)}$$

$$= \frac{0.4067 \times 0.7732}{1 - 0.4067 \times 0.6342} = 0.4238 \quad \therefore \delta = 22.97^\circ$$

地震時主働土圧係数

$$KAE = \frac{(1-K_v) \cos^2(\phi - \theta - \theta_k)}{\cos \theta_k \cos^2 \theta \cos(\delta + \theta + \theta_k) \left[1 + \sqrt{\frac{\sin(\phi - \beta - \theta_k) \sin(\phi + \delta)}{\cos(\delta + \theta + \theta_k) \cos(\theta - \beta)}} \right]^2}$$

$$= \frac{(1-0.00) \times \cos^2(24.00^\circ - 0.00^\circ - 14.04^\circ)}{\cos 14.04^\circ \times \cos^2(0.00^\circ) \times \cos(22.97^\circ + 0.00^\circ + 14.04^\circ) \times \left[1 + \sqrt{\frac{\sin(24.00^\circ - 0.00^\circ - 14.04^\circ) \times \sin(24.00^\circ + 22.97^\circ)}{\cos(22.97^\circ + 0.00^\circ + 14.04^\circ) \times \cos(0.00^\circ - 0.00^\circ)}} \right]^2}$$

$$= \frac{1.00 \times 0.9701}{0.9701 \times 1.0000 \times 0.7986 \times \left[1 + \sqrt{\frac{0.1730 \times 0.7310}{0.7986 \times 1.0000}} \right]^2}$$

$$= 0.640$$

前面及び背面土による土圧

$$PA = 1/2 \cdot KA \cdot \gamma \cdot H^2 = 1/2 \times 0.64 \times 17.0 \times 5.650^2 = 173.6584 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$PAX = PA \cdot \cos \delta = PA \cdot \cos 22.97^\circ = 173.6584 \times 0.9207 = 159.8889 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$PAY = PA \cdot \sin \delta = PA \cdot \sin 22.97^\circ = 173.6584 \times 0.3902 = 67.7700 \text{ kN/m}$$

背面上載荷重による土圧

$$\Delta PA = KA \cdot q \cdot H = 0.64 \times 10.0 \times 5.650 = 36.1600 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$\Delta PAX = \Delta PA \cdot \cos \delta = \Delta PA \cdot \cos 22.97^\circ = 36.1600 \times 0.9207 = 33.2929 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$\Delta PAY = \Delta PA \cdot \sin \delta = \Delta PA \cdot \sin 22.97^\circ = 36.1600 \times 0.3902 = 14.1114 \text{ kN/m}$$

作用点の位置

$$PAX : y = H/3 = 5.650/3 = 1.883 \text{ m} \quad PAY : x = 5.800 \text{ m}$$

$$\Delta PAX : y = H/2 = 5.650/2 = 2.825 \text{ m} \quad \Delta PAY : x = 5.800 \text{ m}$$

4) 荷重の集計 (水平力＝地震時土圧)

荷重の種類	鉛直力 V (kN/m)	水平力 H (kN/m)	作用点 (m)		モーメント (kN・m/m)	
			x	y	V・x	H・y
自重(W)	494.7876	—	3.134	—	1550.7839	—
土圧(PA)	67.7700	159.8889	5.800	1.883	393.0659	301.1242
土圧(ΔPA)	14.1114	33.2929	5.800	2.825	81.8461	94.0523
背面上載荷重	23.9406	—	4.603	—	110.1978	—
中央上載荷重	10.0000	—	1.700	—	17.0000	—
前面上載荷重						
合計 Σ	610.6096	193.1818	—	—	2152.8937	395.1765

4-2 安定性の検討（地震時）

1) 転倒に対する検討

抵抗モーメント $M_r = \Sigma V \cdot x = 2152.894 \text{ kNm/m}$

転倒モーメント $M_o = \Sigma H \cdot y = 395.176 \text{ kNm/m}$

転倒安全率 $F = M_r / M_o = 2152.894 / 395.176 = 5.448 > 1.0 \quad \therefore \text{O.K.}$

2) 地盤支持力(接地圧)に対する検討

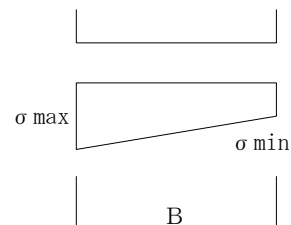
合力の作用位置 $d = (M_r - M_o) / \Sigma V = (2152.894 - 395.176) / 610.610 = 2.879 \text{ m}$

偏心距離 $e = (B/2) - d = (5.800/2) - 2.879 = 0.021 \text{ m}$

最大接地圧 $\sigma_{\max} = (\Sigma V/B) \cdot \{1 + (6e/B)\}$
 $= (610.610/5.800) \times \{1 + (6 \times 0.021/5.800)\}$
 $= 107.605 \text{ kN/m}^2$

最小接地圧 $\sigma_{\min} = (\Sigma V/B) \cdot \{1 - (6e/B)\}$
 $= (610.610/5.800) \times \{1 - (6 \times 0.021/5.800)\}$
 $= 102.950 \text{ kN/m}^2$

$\sigma_{\max}, \sigma_{\min} < 200.0 \text{ kN/m}^2 \quad \therefore \text{O.K.}$



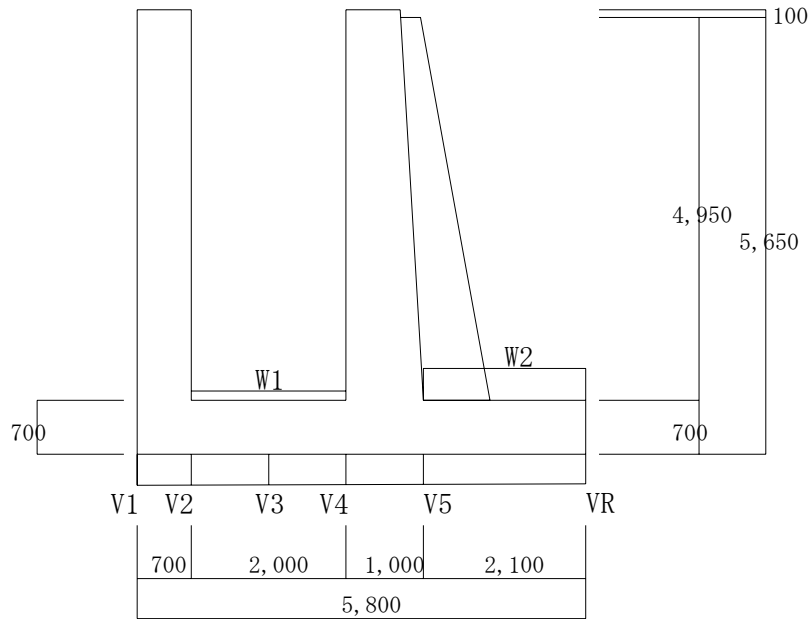
3) 滑り出しに対する検討

水平力の総和 $\Sigma H = 193.182 \text{ kN/m}$

滑動に対する抵抗力 $RH = C \cdot B + \Sigma V \cdot \mu = 0.0 \times 5.800 + 610.610 \times 0.4 = 244.244 \text{ kN/m}$

滑動安全率 $F = RH / \Sigma H = 244.244 / 193.182 = 1.264 > 1.0 \quad \therefore \text{O.K.}$

4-3 断面の計算（地震時）



中立軸までの距離

$$X_n = (B/2) \cdot [1 + \{B/(6e)\}] = (5,800/2) \times [1 + \{5,800/(6 \times 0.021)\}] = 134.065\text{m}$$

$$\begin{aligned} V1 &= 107.605\text{KN/m}^2 & V2 &= 107.043\text{KN/m}^2 & V3 &= 106.241\text{KN/m}^2 & V4 &= 105.438\text{KN/m}^2 \\ V5 &= 104.635\text{KN/m}^2 & VR &= 102.950\text{KN/m}^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} W1 &= (0.600 \times 17.0) + (0.700 \times 24.0) + 5.00 = 32.000\text{KN/m}^2 \\ W2 &= (4.950 \times 17.0) + (0.700 \times 24.0) + 10.00 = 110.950\text{KN/m}^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{地表面と水平面とのなす角度} &: \beta = 0.00^\circ \\ \text{後壁背面と鉛直面とのなす角度} &: \theta = 3.40^\circ \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{水平震度 } K_h &= 0.25 & \text{鉛直震度 } K_v &= 0.00 \\ \text{地震合成角 } \theta_k &= \text{Atn}\{K_h/(1-K_v)\} = \text{Atn}\{0.25/(1-0.00)\} = 14.04^\circ \end{aligned}$$

地震時主働土圧係数

$$\begin{aligned} KAE &= \frac{(1-K_v) \cos^2(\phi - \theta - \theta_k)}{\cos \theta_k \cos^2 \theta \cos(\delta + \theta + \theta_k) \left[1 + \sqrt{\frac{\sin(\phi - \beta - \theta_k) \sin(\phi + \delta)}{\cos(\delta + \theta + \theta_k) \cos(\theta - \beta)}} \right]^2} \\ &= \frac{(1-0.00) \times \cos^2(24.00^\circ - 3.40^\circ - 14.04^\circ)}{\cos 14.04^\circ \times \cos^2(3.40^\circ) \times \cos(12.00^\circ + 3.40^\circ + 14.04^\circ) \times \left[1 + \sqrt{\frac{\sin(24.00^\circ - 0.00^\circ - 14.04^\circ) \times \sin(24.00^\circ + 12.00^\circ)}{\cos(12.00^\circ + 3.40^\circ + 14.04^\circ) \times \cos(3.40^\circ - 0.00^\circ)}} \right]^2} \\ &= \frac{1.00 \times 0.9869}{0.9701 \times 0.9965 \times 0.8709 \times \left[1 + \sqrt{\frac{0.1730 \times 0.5878}{0.8709 \times 0.9982}} \right]^2} \\ &= 0.651 \end{aligned}$$

1) たて壁 (中央部)

$$PAX = 1/2 \cdot KA \cdot \gamma \cdot H^2 \cdot \cos(12.00^\circ + 3.40^\circ) = 1/2 \times 0.651 \times 17.0 \times 2.425^2 \times 0.9641 = 31.372 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$\Delta PAX = KA \cdot q \cdot H \cdot \cos(12.00^\circ + 3.40^\circ) = 0.651 \times 10.0 \times 2.425 \times 0.9641 = 15.220 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$M = PAX \cdot n + \Delta PAX \cdot n = \{31.372 \times (2.475/3) + 15.220 \times (2.475/2)\} \times 10^5 = 4381335 \text{ Ncm/m}$$

$$S = PAX + \Delta PAX = (31.372 + 15.220) \times 10^3 = 46592 \text{ N/m}$$

$$D = 85.00 \text{ cm} \quad d = 78.05 \text{ cm} \quad j = 68.294 \text{ cm}$$

$$at = M / (ft \cdot j) = 4381335 / (29500 \times 68.294) = 2.175 \text{ cm}^2/\text{m}$$

$$\phi = S / (fa \cdot j) = 46592 / (210.00 \times 68.294) = 3.249 \text{ cm/m}$$

配筋 D19-1317@ -----> ∴ D19-300@ とする

$$n = 15 \quad b = 100 \text{ cm}$$

$$p = As / (b \cdot d) = 955.000 / (1000 \times 780.50) = 0.00122$$

$$k = \text{sqr}\{2n \cdot p + (n \cdot p)^2\} - n \cdot p = \text{sqr}\{2 \times 15 \times 0.00122 + (15 \times 0.00122)^2\} - 15 \times 0.00122 = 0.174$$

$$j = 1 - (K/3) = 1 - (0.174/3) = 0.942$$

- ・コンクリートの曲げ圧縮応力度
 $\sigma_c = 2M / (k \cdot j \cdot b \cdot d^2) = 2 \times 43813340 / (0.174 \times 0.942 \times 1000 \times 780.50^2) = 0.877 \text{ N/mm}^2$
 $< \sigma_{ca} = 21.0 \text{ N/mm}^2 \quad \therefore \text{O.K.}$
- ・鉄筋の引張応力度
 $\sigma_s = M / (As \cdot j \cdot d) = 43813340 / (955.000 \times 0.942 \times 780.50) = 62.402 \text{ N/mm}^2$
 $< \sigma_{sa} = 295 \text{ N/mm}^2 \quad \therefore \text{O.K.}$
- ・コンクリートのせん断応力度
 $\tau_c = S / (b \cdot j \cdot d) = 46592 / (1000 \times 0.942 \times 780.50) = 0.063 \text{ N/mm}^2$
 $< \tau_{ca} = 2.1 \text{ N/mm}^2 \quad \therefore \text{O.K.}$

2) たて壁 (固定部)

$$PAX = 1/2 \cdot KA \cdot \gamma \cdot H^2 \cdot \cos(12.00^\circ + 3.40^\circ) = 1/2 \times 0.651 \times 17.0 \times 4.950^2 \times 0.9641 = 130.717 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$\Delta PAX = KA \cdot q \cdot H \cdot \cos(12.00^\circ + 3.40^\circ) = 0.651 \times 10.0 \times 4.950 \times 0.9641 = 31.068 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$M = PAX \cdot n + \Delta PAX \cdot n = \{130.717 \times (4.950/3) + 31.068 \times (4.950/2)\} \times 10^5 = 29257470 \text{ Ncm/m}$$

$$S = PAX + \Delta PAX = (130.717 + 31.068) \times 10^3 = 161784 \text{ N/m}$$

$$D = 100.00 \text{ cm} \quad d = 93.05 \text{ cm} \quad j = 81.419 \text{ cm}$$

$$at = M / (ft \cdot j) = 29257470 / (29500 \times 81.419) = 12.181 \text{ cm}^2/\text{m}$$

$$\phi = S / (fa \cdot j) = 161784 / (210.00 \times 81.419) = 9.462 \text{ cm/m}$$

配筋 D19-235@ -----> ∴ D19-150@ とする

$$n = 15 \quad b = 100 \text{ cm}$$

$$p = As / (b \cdot d) = 1910.000 / (1000 \times 930.50) = 0.00205$$

$$k = \text{sqr}\{2n \cdot p + (n \cdot p)^2\} - n \cdot p = \text{sqr}\{2 \times 15 \times 0.00205 + (15 \times 0.00205)^2\} - 15 \times 0.00205 = 0.219$$

$$j = 1 - (K/3) = 1 - (0.219/3) = 0.927$$

- ・コンクリートの曲げ圧縮応力度
 $\sigma_c = 2M / (k \cdot j \cdot b \cdot d^2) = 2 \times 292574700 / (0.219 \times 0.927 \times 1000 \times 930.50^2) = 3.325 \text{ N/mm}^2$
 $< \sigma_{ca} = 21.0 \text{ N/mm}^2 \quad \therefore \text{O.K.}$
- ・鉄筋の引張応力度
 $\sigma_s = M / (As \cdot j \cdot d) = 292574700 / (1910.000 \times 0.927 \times 930.50) = 177.602 \text{ N/mm}^2$
 $< \sigma_{sa} = 295 \text{ N/mm}^2 \quad \therefore \text{O.K.}$
- ・コンクリートのせん断応力度
 $\tau_c = S / (b \cdot j \cdot d) = 161784 / (1000 \times 0.927 \times 930.50) = 0.188 \text{ N/mm}^2$
 $< \tau_{ca} = 2.1 \text{ N/mm}^2 \quad \therefore \text{O.K.}$

3) 底版 (中央部)

$$\begin{aligned}
 C1 &= (W1 \cdot B^2) / 12 = (32.000 \times 2.000^2) / 12 = 10.667 \text{KNm/m} \\
 M1 &= (W1 \cdot B^2) / 8 - C1 = (32.000 \times 2.000^2) / 8 - 10.667 = 5.333 \text{KNm/m} \\
 C21 &= (V4 \cdot B^2 / 12) + \{ (V2 - V4) \cdot B^2 / 20 \} \\
 &= (105.438 \times 2.000^2) / 12 + \{ (107.043 - 105.438) \times 2.000^2 / 20 \} = 35.467 \text{KNm/m} \\
 C22 &= (V4 \cdot B^2 / 12) + \{ (V2 - V4) \cdot B^2 / 30 \} \\
 &= (105.438 \times 2.000^2) / 12 + \{ (107.043 - 105.438) \times 2.000^2 / 30 \} = 35.360 \text{KNm/m} \\
 M2 &= (V4 \cdot B^2 / 8) + (V2 - V4) \cdot B^2 / (9 \cdot \text{Sqr}(3)) - (C21 + C22) / 2 \\
 &= (105.438 \times 2.000^2) / 8 + (107.043 - 105.438) \times 2.000^2 / (9 \times \text{Sqr}(3)) \\
 &\quad - (35.467 + 35.360) / 2 = 17.717 \text{KNm/m} \\
 M &= |M1 - M2| = |5.333 - 17.717| \times 10^5 = 1238404 \text{Ncm/m}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 D &= 70.00 \text{cm} \quad d = 63.05 \text{cm} \quad j = 55.169 \text{cm} \\
 at &= M / (ft \cdot j) = 1238404 / (29500 \times 55.169) = 0.761 \text{cm}^2/\text{m}
 \end{aligned}$$

配筋 D19-3765@ ----> ∴ D19-300@ とする

$$\begin{aligned}
 n &= 15 \quad b = 100 \text{cm} \\
 p &= As / (b \cdot d) = 955.000 / (1000 \times 630.50) = 0.00151 \\
 k &= \text{sqr} \{ 2n \cdot p + (n \cdot p)^2 \} - n \cdot p = \text{sqr} \{ 2 \times 15 \times 0.00151 + (15 \times 0.00151)^2 \} - 15 \times 0.00151 = 0.192 \\
 j &= 1 - (K/3) = 1 - (0.192/3) = 0.936
 \end{aligned}$$

- ・コンクリートの曲げ圧縮応力度
 $\sigma_c = 2M / (k \cdot j \cdot b \cdot d^2) = 2 \times 12384040 / (0.192 \times 0.936 \times 1000 \times 630.50^2) = 0.347 \text{N/mm}^2$
 $< \sigma_{ca} = 21.0 \text{N/mm}^2 \quad \therefore \text{O.K.}$
- ・鉄筋の引張応力度
 $\sigma_s = M / (As \cdot j \cdot d) = 12384040 / (955.000 \times 0.936 \times 630.50) = 21.971 \text{N/mm}^2$
 $< \sigma_{sa} = 295 \text{N/mm}^2 \quad \therefore \text{O.K.}$

4) 底版 (前面固定部)

$$\begin{aligned}
 C1 &= (W1 \cdot B^2) / 12 = (32.000 \times 2.000^2) / 12 = 10.667 \text{KNm/m} \\
 M1 &= C1 = 10.667 \text{KNm/m} \\
 S1 &= (W1 \cdot B) / 2 = (32.000 \times 2.000) / 2 = 32.000 \text{KN/m} \\
 C21 &= (V4 \cdot B^2 / 12) + \{ (V2 - V4) \cdot B^2 / 20 \} \\
 &= (105.438 \times 2.000^2) / 12 + \{ (107.043 - 105.438) \times 2.000^2 / 20 \} = 35.467 \text{KNm/m} \\
 M2 &= C21 = 35.467 \text{KNm/m} \\
 S2 &= (V4 \cdot B) / 2 + (V2 - V4) \cdot B / 3 = (105.438 \times 2.000) / 2 + (107.043 - 105.438) \times 2.000 / 3 = 106.508 \text{KN/m} \\
 M &= |M1 - M2| = |10.667 - 35.467| \times 10^5 = 2480040 \text{Ncm/m} \\
 S &= |S1 - S2| = |32.000 - 106.508| \times 10^3 = 74508 \text{N/m}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 D &= 70.00 \text{cm} \quad d = 63.05 \text{cm} \quad j = 55.169 \text{cm} \\
 at &= M / (ft \cdot j) = 2480040 / (29500 \times 55.169) = 1.524 \text{cm}^2/\text{m} \\
 \phi &= S / (fa \cdot j) = 74508 / (210.00 \times 55.169) = 6.431 \text{cm/m}
 \end{aligned}$$

配筋 D19-932@ ----> ∴ D19-300@ とする

$$\begin{aligned}
 n &= 15 \quad b = 100 \text{cm} \\
 p &= As / (b \cdot d) = 955.000 / (1000 \times 630.50) = 0.00151 \\
 k &= \text{sqr} \{ 2n \cdot p + (n \cdot p)^2 \} - n \cdot p = \text{sqr} \{ 2 \times 15 \times 0.00151 + (15 \times 0.00151)^2 \} - 15 \times 0.00151 = 0.192 \\
 j &= 1 - (K/3) = 1 - (0.192/3) = 0.936
 \end{aligned}$$

- ・コンクリートの曲げ圧縮応力度
 $\sigma_c = 2M / (k \cdot j \cdot b \cdot d^2) = 2 \times 24800400 / (0.192 \times 0.936 \times 1000 \times 630.50^2) = 0.695 \text{N/mm}^2$
 $< \sigma_{ca} = 21.0 \text{N/mm}^2 \quad \therefore \text{O.K.}$
- ・鉄筋の引張応力度
 $\sigma_s = M / (As \cdot j \cdot d) = 24800400 / (955.000 \times 0.936 \times 630.50) = 43.999 \text{N/mm}^2$
 $< \sigma_{sa} = 295 \text{N/mm}^2 \quad \therefore \text{O.K.}$
- ・コンクリートのせん断応力度
 $\tau_c = S / (b \cdot j \cdot d) = 74508 / (1000 \times 0.936 \times 630.50) = 0.126 \text{N/mm}^2$
 $< \tau_{ca} = 2.1 \text{N/mm}^2 \quad \therefore \text{O.K.}$

5) 底版 (後面固定部)

$$\begin{aligned}
 C1 &= (W1 \cdot B^2) / 12 = (32.000 \times 2.000^2) / 12 = 10.667 \text{KNm/m} \\
 M1 &= C1 = 10.667 \text{KNm/m} \\
 S1 &= (W1 \cdot B) / 2 = (32.000 \times 2.000) / 2 = 32.000 \text{KN/m} \\
 C22 &= (V4 \cdot B^2 / 12) + \{ (V2 - V4) \cdot B^2 / 30 \} \\
 &= (105.438 \times 2.000^2) / 12 + \{ (107.043 - 105.438) \times 2.000^2 / 30 \} = 35.360 \text{KNm/m} \\
 M2 &= C22 = 35.360 \text{KNm/m} \\
 S2 &= (V4 \cdot B) / 2 + (V2 - V4) \cdot B / 6 = (105.438 \times 2.000) / 2 + (107.043 - 105.438) \times 2.000 / 6 = 105.973 \text{KN/m} \\
 M &= |M1 - M2| = |10.667 - 35.360| \times 10^5 = 2469338 \text{Ncm/m} \\
 S &= |S1 - S2| = |32.000 - 105.973| \times 10^3 = 73973 \text{N/m} \\
 D &= 70.00 \text{cm} \quad d = 63.05 \text{cm} \quad j = 55.169 \text{cm} \\
 at &= M / (ft \cdot j) = 2469338 / (29500 \times 55.169) = 1.517 \text{cm}^2/\text{m} \\
 \phi &= S / (fa \cdot j) = 73973 / (210.00 \times 55.169) = 6.385 \text{cm/m}
 \end{aligned}$$

配筋 D19-939@ -----> ∴ D19-300@ とする

$$\begin{aligned}
 n &= 15 \quad b = 100 \text{cm} \\
 p &= As / (b \cdot d) = 955.000 / (1000 \times 630.50) = 0.00151 \\
 k &= \sqrt{2n \cdot p + (n \cdot p)^2} - n \cdot p = \sqrt{2 \times 15 \times 0.00151 + (15 \times 0.00151)^2} - 15 \times 0.00151 = 0.192 \\
 j &= 1 - (K/3) = 1 - (0.192/3) = 0.936
 \end{aligned}$$

- ・コンクリートの曲げ圧縮応力度
 $\sigma_c = 2M / (k \cdot j \cdot b \cdot d^2) = 2 \times 24693380 / (0.192 \times 0.936 \times 1000 \times 630.50^2) = 0.692 \text{N/mm}^2$
 $< \sigma_{ca} = 21.0 \text{N/mm}^2 \quad \therefore \text{O.K.}$
- ・鉄筋の引張応力度
 $\sigma_s = M / (As \cdot j \cdot d) = 24693380 / (955.000 \times 0.936 \times 630.50) = 43.809 \text{N/mm}^2$
 $< \sigma_{sa} = 295 \text{N/mm}^2 \quad \therefore \text{O.K.}$
- ・コンクリートのせん断応力度
 $\tau_c = S / (b \cdot j \cdot d) = 73973 / (1000 \times 0.936 \times 630.50) = 0.125 \text{N/mm}^2$
 $< \tau_{ca} = 2.1 \text{N/mm}^2 \quad \therefore \text{O.K.}$

6) かかと版 (固定部)

$$\begin{aligned}
 M1 &= (W2 \cdot B^2) / 2 = (110.950 \times 2.100^2) / 2 = 244.645 \text{KNm/m} \\
 S1 &= W2 \cdot B = 110.950 \times 2.100 = 232.995 \text{KN/m} \\
 M2 &= (V5 + 2 \cdot VR) \cdot B^2 / 6 = (104.635 + 2 \times 102.950) \times 2.100^2 / 6 = 228.243 \text{KNm/m} \\
 S2 &= (V5 + VR) \cdot B / 2 = (104.635 + 102.950) \times 2.100 / 2 = 217.965 \text{KN/m} \\
 M &= |M1 - M2| = |244.645 - 228.243| \times 10^5 = 1640141 \text{Ncm/m} \\
 S &= |S1 - S2| = |232.995 - 217.965| \times 10^3 = 15030 \text{N/m} \\
 D &= 70.00 \text{cm} \quad d = 63.05 \text{cm} \quad j = 55.169 \text{cm} \\
 at &= M / (ft \cdot j) = 1640141 / (29500 \times 55.169) = 1.008 \text{cm}^2/\text{m} \\
 \phi &= S / (fa \cdot j) = 15030 / (210.00 \times 55.169) = 1.297 \text{cm/m}
 \end{aligned}$$

配筋 D19-2842@ -----> ∴ D19-300@ とする

$$\begin{aligned}
 n &= 15 \quad b = 100 \text{cm} \\
 p &= As / (b \cdot d) = 955.000 / (1000 \times 630.50) = 0.00151 \\
 k &= \sqrt{2n \cdot p + (n \cdot p)^2} - n \cdot p = \sqrt{2 \times 15 \times 0.00151 + 15 \times 0.00151^2} - 15 \times 0.00151 = 0.192 \\
 j &= 1 - (K/3) = 1 - (0.192/3) = 0.936
 \end{aligned}$$

- ・コンクリートの曲げ圧縮応力度
 $\sigma_c = 2M / (k \cdot j \cdot b \cdot d^2) = 2 \times 16401410 / (0.192 \times 0.936 \times 1000 \times 630.50^2) = 0.460 \text{N/mm}^2$
 $< \sigma_{ca} = 21.0 \text{N/mm}^2 \quad \therefore \text{O.K.}$
- ・鉄筋の引張応力度
 $\sigma_s = M / (As \cdot j \cdot d) = 16401410 / (955.000 \times 0.936 \times 630.50) = 29.098 \text{N/mm}^2$
 $< \sigma_{sa} = 295 \text{N/mm}^2 \quad \therefore \text{O.K.}$
- ・コンクリートのせん断応力度
 $\tau_c = S / (b \cdot j \cdot d) = 15030 / (1000 \times 0.936 \times 630.50) = 0.026 \text{N/mm}^2$
 $< \tau_{ca} = 2.1 \text{N/mm}^2 \quad \therefore \text{O.K.}$

§ 1. 一般事項(地震時)

1-1 工作物の概要

- ・ 築造地 : 奈良市
- ・ 形 式 : U型鉄筋コンクリート造擁壁

1-2 使用材料 及 許容応力度

- ・ コンクリート
 - 設計基準強度 : $F_c = 21 \text{ N/mm}^2$
 - 許容圧縮応力度 : $\sigma_{ca} = 21.0 \text{ N/mm}^2$
 - 許容せん断応力度 : $\tau_{ca} = 2.1 \text{ N/mm}^2$
 - 許容付着応力度 : $f_a = 2.1 \text{ N/mm}^2$
- ・ 鉄 筋
 - 許容引張応力度 : $f_t = 295.0 \text{ N/mm}^2$
- ・ 鉄筋コンクリート
 - 単位体積重量 : $r = 24.0 \text{ kN/m}^3$

1-3 設計条件

◎背面土

- ・ 土質の種類 : 砂質土
- ・ 土の単位体積重量 : $\gamma_s = 17.0 \text{ kN/m}^3$
- ・ 内部摩擦角 : $\phi = 24.0^\circ$
- ・ 粘 着 力 : $C = 0 \text{ kN/m}^2$
- ・ 仮想背面と土との摩擦角 : (安定計算時) $\delta = \text{計算による}$
- ・ 壁背面と土との摩擦角 : (断面計算時) $\delta = 12.00^\circ$

○土圧

クーロンの土圧式による。(水平震度 $K_h = 0.25$)

◎支持地盤

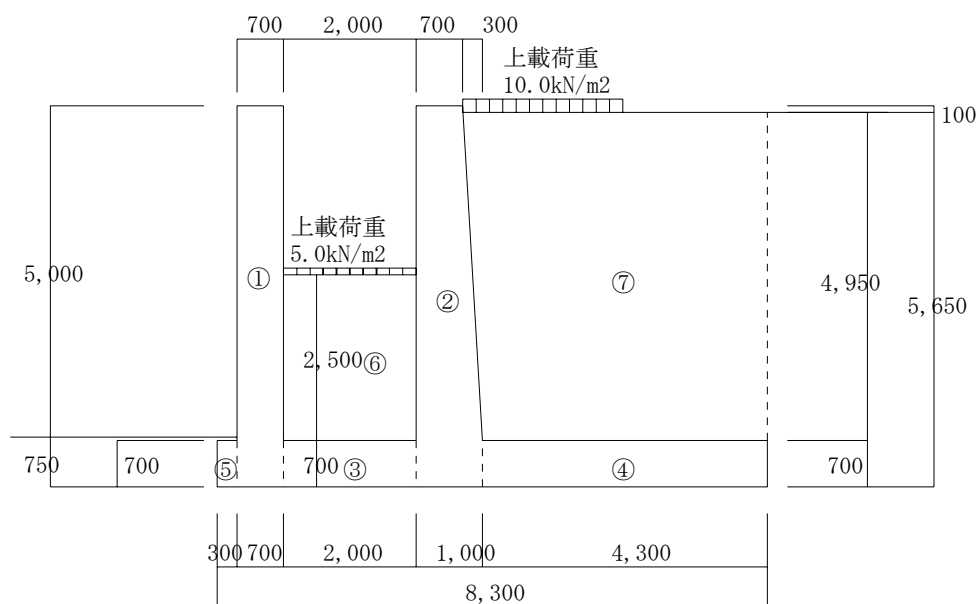
- ・ 土質の種類 : 砂質土
- ・ 内部摩擦角 : $\phi = 24.0^\circ$
- ・ 粘 着 力 : $C = 0 \text{ kN/m}^2$
- ・ 許容地耐力 : $f_e = 200 \text{ kN/m}^2$
- ・ 底盤の摩擦係数 : $\mu = 0.4$

1-4 設計方針

- ・ 本計算は、片持梁式鉄筋コンクリート擁壁として、すべて土圧にて行う。
- ・ 本計算は、宅地造成等規制法、同施行令、建築基準法、同施行令、及び、日本建築学会諸基準「鉄筋コンクリート構造計算基準、建築基礎構造設計指針」に準拠して行う。
なお、応力計算は、日本土木学会「コンクリート標準示方書」による。

§ 5. RC擁壁（４）の設計

5-1 荷重の計算（地震時）



地表面と水平面とのなす角度 $\beta=0^\circ$
 壁背面と鉛直面とのなす角度 $\theta=0.00^\circ$ （仮想背面）
 粘着力 0 の土圧に対しては、 $H=H_0=5.650\text{m}$

1) 自重

区 分	面 積 A (m ²)	単位重量 γ (kN/m ³)	重 量 W (kN/m)	重心距離 (m)		モーメント (kN・m/m)	
				x	y	W・x	W・y
①前たて壁	$0.700 \times 5.750 = 4.0250$	24.0	96.6000	0.650	2.875	62.7900	277.7250
②後たて壁	$5.050 \times (0.700 + 1.000) / 2 + 1.000 \times 0.700 = 4.9925$	24.0	119.8200	3.418	2.694	409.5780	322.8180
③底版	$2.000 \times 0.700 = 1.4000$	24.0	33.6000	2.000	0.350	67.2000	11.7600
④かかと版	$4.300 \times 0.700 = 3.0100$	24.0	72.2400	6.150	0.350	444.2760	17.9095
⑤つま先版	$0.300 \times 0.700 = 0.2100$	24.0	5.0400	0.150	0.350	0.7560	1.2495
⑥中央土	$2.000 \times 2.500 = 5.0000$	17.0	85.0000	2.000	1.950	170.0000	165.7500
⑦背面土	$(4.300 + 4.594) \times 4.950 / 2 = 22.0128$	17.0	374.2176	6.076	3.202	2273.6245	1198.3484
⑧前面土							
合 計 Σ		—	786.5176	—	—	3428.2246	2003.4495

重心 $x = \Sigma W \cdot x / \Sigma W = 3428.225 / 786.518 = 4.359\text{m}$
 $y = \Sigma W \cdot y / \Sigma W = 2003.449 / 786.518 = 2.547\text{m}$

2) 上載荷重

背面上載荷重・・・ $W = 10.00 \times 4.5941 = 45.9406\text{kN/m}$
 中央上載荷重・・・ $W = 5.00 \times 2.0000 = 10.0000\text{kN/m}$

3) 擁壁に及ぼす土圧

設計水平震度 $K_h=0.25$ 設計鉛直震度 $K_v=0.00$

地震合成角 $\theta = \text{Atn}\{K_h/(1-K_v)\} = \text{Atn}\{0.25/(1-0.00)\} = 14.04^\circ$

土(仮想背面)と土との摩擦角

$$\sin \Delta = \frac{\sin(\beta + \theta)}{\sin \phi} = \frac{\sin(0.00^\circ + 14.04^\circ)}{\sin 24.00^\circ} = \frac{0.2425}{0.4067} = 0.5963 \quad \therefore \Delta = 36.61^\circ$$

$$\tan \delta = \frac{\sin \phi \cdot \sin(\theta + \Delta - \beta)}{1 - \sin \phi \cdot \cos(\theta + \Delta - \beta)} = \frac{\sin 24.00^\circ \times \sin(14.04^\circ + 36.61^\circ - 0.00^\circ)}{1 - \sin 24.00^\circ \times \cos(14.04^\circ + 36.61^\circ - 0.00^\circ)}$$

$$= \frac{0.4067 \times 0.7732}{1 - 0.4067 \times 0.6342} = 0.4238 \quad \therefore \delta = 22.97^\circ$$

主働土圧係数

$$K_A = \frac{\cos^2(\phi - \theta)}{\cos^2 \theta \cos(\theta + \delta) \left(1 + \sqrt{\frac{\sin(\phi + \delta) \sin(\phi - \beta)}{\cos(\theta + \delta) \cos(\theta - \beta)}} \right)^2}$$

$$= \frac{\cos^2(24.00^\circ - 0.00^\circ)}{\cos^2(0.00^\circ) \times \cos(0.00^\circ + 22.97^\circ) \times \left(1 + \sqrt{\frac{\sin(24.00^\circ + 22.97^\circ) \times \sin(24.00^\circ - 0.00^\circ)}{\cos(0.00^\circ + 22.97^\circ) \times \cos(0.00^\circ - 0.00^\circ)}} \right)^2}$$

$$= \frac{0.8346}{1.0000 \times 0.9207 \times \left(1 + \sqrt{\frac{0.7310 \times 0.4067}{0.9207 \times 1.0000}} \right)^2}$$

$$= 0.422$$

前面及び背面土による土圧

$PA = 1/2 \cdot K_A \cdot \gamma \cdot H^2 = 1/2 \times 0.422 \times 17.0 \times 5.650^2 = 114.5060 \text{ kN/m}$

$PAX = PA \cdot \cos \delta = PA \cdot \cos 22.97^\circ = 114.5060 \times 0.9207 = 105.4268 \text{ kN/m}$

$PAY = PA \cdot \sin \delta = PA \cdot \sin 22.97^\circ = 114.5060 \times 0.3902 = 44.6858 \text{ kN/m}$

背面上載荷重による土圧

$\Delta PA = K_A \cdot q \cdot H = 0.422 \times 10.0 \times 5.650 = 23.8430 \text{ kN/m}$

$\Delta PAX = \Delta PA \cdot \cos \delta = \Delta PA \cdot \cos 22.97^\circ = 23.8430 \times 0.9207 = 21.9525 \text{ kN/m}$

$\Delta PAY = \Delta PA \cdot \sin \delta = \Delta PA \cdot \sin 22.97^\circ = 23.8430 \times 0.3902 = 9.3047 \text{ kN/m}$

作用点の位置

$PAX : y = H/3 = 5.650/3 = 1.883 \text{ m}$ $PAY : x = 8.300 \text{ m}$

$\Delta PAX : y = H/2 = 5.650/2 = 2.825 \text{ m}$ $\Delta PAY : x = 8.300 \text{ m}$

4) 荷重の集計 (水平力=慣性力+常時土圧)

荷重の種類	鉛直力 V (kN/m)	水平力 H (kN/m)	作用点 (m)		モーメント (kN・m/m)	
			x	y	V・x	H・y
自重(W)	786.5176	196.6294	4.359	2.547	3428.2246	500.8624
土圧(PA)	44.6858	105.4268	8.300	1.883	370.8924	198.5537
土圧(ΔPA)	9.3047	21.9525	8.300	2.825	77.2290	62.0157
背面上載荷重	45.9406	11.4851	6.003	5.650	275.7800	64.8911
中央上載荷重	10.0000	2.5000	2.000	3.200	20.0000	8.0000
前面上載荷重						
合計 Σ	896.4487	329.5119	—	—	4172.1261	834.3229

5-2 安定性の検討（地震時）

1) 転倒に対する検討

抵抗モーメント $M_r = \Sigma V \cdot x = 4172.126 \text{ kNm/m}$

転倒モーメント $M_o = \Sigma H \cdot y = 834.323 \text{ kNm/m}$

転倒安全率 $F = M_r / M_o = 4172.126 / 834.323 = 5.001 > 1.0 \quad \therefore \text{O.K.}$

2) 地盤支持力(接地圧)に対する検討

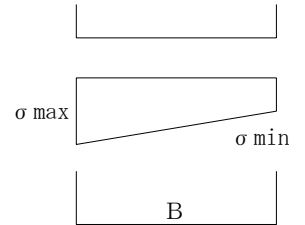
合力の作用位置 $d = (M_r - M_o) / \Sigma V = (4172.126 - 834.323) / 896.449 = 3.723 \text{ m}$

偏心距離 $e = (B/2) - d = (8.300/2) - 3.723 = 0.427 \text{ m}$

最大接地圧 $\sigma_{\max} = (\Sigma V/B) \cdot \{1 + (6e/B)\}$
 $= (896.449/8.300) \times \{1 + (6 \times 0.427/8.300)\}$
 $= 141.316 \text{ kN/m}^2$

最小接地圧 $\sigma_{\min} = (\Sigma V/B) \cdot \{1 - (6e/B)\}$
 $= (896.449/8.300) \times \{1 - (6 \times 0.427/8.300)\}$
 $= 74.695 \text{ kN/m}^2$

$\sigma_{\max}, \sigma_{\min} < 200.0 \text{ kN/m}^2 \quad \therefore \text{O.K.}$



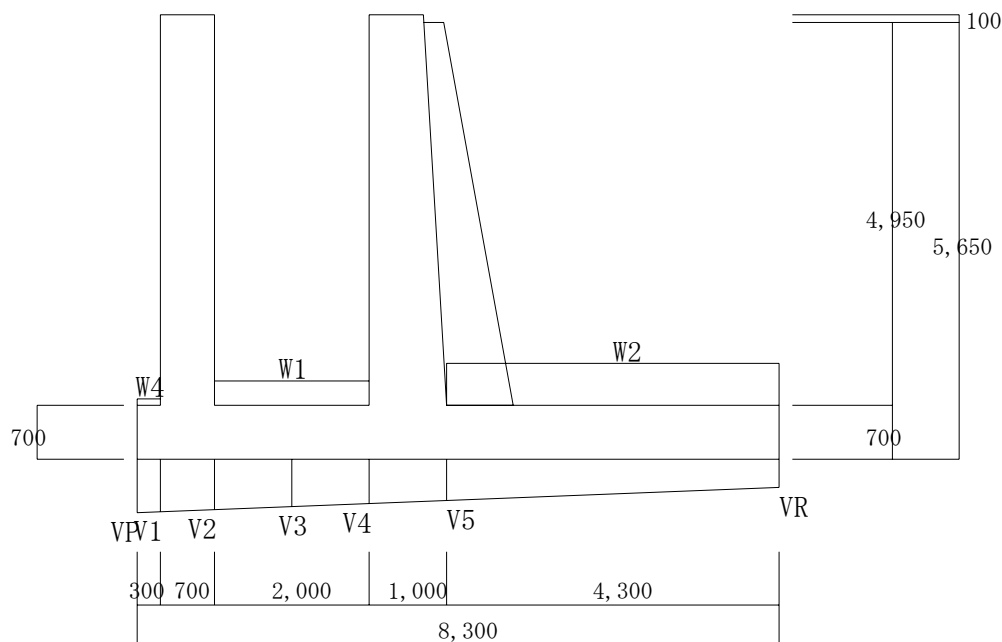
3) 滑り出しに対する検討

水平力の総和 $\Sigma H = 329.512 \text{ kN/m}$

滑動に対する抵抗力 $RH = C \cdot B + \Sigma V \cdot \mu = 0.0 \times 8.300 + 896.449 \times 0.4 = 358.580 \text{ kN/m}$

滑動安全率 $F = RH / \Sigma H = 358.580 / 329.512 = 1.088 > 1.0 \quad \therefore \text{O.K.}$

5-3 断面の計算（地震時）



中立軸までの距離

$$X_n = (B/2) \cdot [1 + \{B/(6e)\}] = (8.300/2) \times [1 + \{8.300/(6 \times 0.427)\}] = 17.606\text{m}$$

VP=141.316KN/m² V1=138.908KN/m² V2=133.290KN/m² V3=125.263KN/m² V4=117.237KN/m²
V5=109.210KN/m² VR=74.695KN/m²

$$\begin{aligned} W1 &= (2.500 \times 17.0) + (0.700 \times 24.0) + 5.00 = 64.300 \text{ kN/m}^2 \\ W2 &= (4.950 \times 17.0) + (0.700 \times 24.0) + 10.00 = 110.950 \text{ kN/m}^2 \\ W4 &= (0.700 \times 24.0) + 0.00 = 16.800 \text{ kN/m}^2 \end{aligned}$$

地表面と水平面とのなす角度 : $\beta = 0.00^\circ$
 後壁背面と鉛直面とのなす角度 : $\theta = 3.40^\circ$

主働土圧係数

$$\begin{aligned} KA &= \frac{\cos^2(\phi - \theta)}{\cos^2 \theta \cos(\theta + \delta) \left[1 + \sqrt{\frac{\sin(\phi + \delta) \sin(\phi - \beta)}{\cos(\theta + \delta) \cos(\theta - \beta)}} \right]^2} \\ &= \frac{\cos^2(24.00^\circ - 3.40^\circ)}{\cos^2(3.40^\circ) \times \cos(3.40^\circ + 12.00^\circ) \times \left[1 + \sqrt{\frac{\sin(24.00^\circ + 12.00^\circ) \times \sin(24.00^\circ - 0.00^\circ)}{\cos(3.40^\circ + 12.00^\circ) \times \cos(3.40^\circ - 0.00^\circ)}} \right]^2} \\ &= \frac{0.8762}{0.9965 \times 0.9641 \times \left[1 + \sqrt{\frac{0.5878 \times 0.4067}{0.9641 \times 0.9982}} \right]^2} \\ &= 0.406 \end{aligned}$$

1) たて壁 (中央部)

$$\begin{aligned}
 PAX &= 1/2 \cdot KA \cdot \gamma \cdot H^2 \cdot \cos(12.00^\circ + 3.40^\circ) = 1/2 \times 0.406 \times 17.0 \times 2.425^2 \times 0.9641 = 19.565 \text{ kN/m} \\
 \Delta PAX &= KA \cdot q \cdot H \cdot \cos(12.00^\circ + 3.40^\circ) = 0.406 \times 10.0 \times 2.425 \times 0.9641 = 9.492 \text{ kN/m} \\
 \text{たて壁重量 } W1 &= 46.965 \text{ kN/m} \quad \text{背面土重量 } W2 = 186.421 \text{ kN/m} \\
 M &= PAX \cdot n + \Delta PAX \cdot n + W1 \cdot Kh \cdot y1 + W2 \cdot Kh \cdot y2 + q \cdot Kh \cdot y3 \\
 &= \{19.565 \times (2.425/3) + 9.492 \times (2.425/2) + 46.965 \times 0.25 \times 1.222 \\
 &\quad + 186.421 \times 0.25 \times 1.219 + 10.000 \times 0.25 \times 2.425\} \times 10^5 = 10455310 \text{ Ncm/m} \\
 S &= PAX + \Delta PAX + W1 \cdot Kh + W2 \cdot Kh + q \cdot Kh \\
 &= (19.565 + 9.492 + 46.965 \times 0.25 + 186.421 \times 0.25 + 10.000 \times 0.25) \times 10^3 \\
 &= 89904 \text{ N/m} \\
 D &= 85.00 \text{ cm} \quad d = 77.90 \text{ cm} \quad j = 68.163 \text{ cm} \\
 at &= M / (ft \cdot j) = 10455310 / (29500 \times 68.163) = 5.200 \text{ cm}^2/\text{m} \\
 \phi &= S / (fa \cdot j) = 89904 / (210.00 \times 68.163) = 6.281 \text{ cm/m}
 \end{aligned}$$

配筋 D22-744@ -----> ∴ D22-300@ とする

$$\begin{aligned}
 n &= 15 \quad b = 100 \text{ cm} \\
 p &= As / (b \cdot d) = 1290.333 / (1000 \times 779.00) = 0.00166 \\
 k &= \text{sqr}\{2n \cdot p + (n \cdot p)^2\} - n \cdot p = \text{sqr}\{2 \times 15 \times 0.00166 + (15 \times 0.00166)^2\} - 15 \times 0.00166 = 0.199 \\
 j &= 1 - (K/3) = 1 - (0.199/3) = 0.934
 \end{aligned}$$

- ・コンクリートの曲げ圧縮応力度
 $\sigma_c = 2M / (k \cdot j \cdot b \cdot d^2) = 2 \times 104553100 / (0.199 \times 0.934 \times 1000 \times 779.00^2) = 1.851 \text{ N/mm}^2$
 $< \sigma_{ca} = 21.0 \text{ N/mm}^2 \quad \therefore \text{O.K.}$
- ・鉄筋の引張応力度
 $\sigma_s = M / (As \cdot j \cdot d) = 104553100 / (1290.333 \times 0.934 \times 779.00) = 111.423 \text{ N/mm}^2$
 $< \sigma_{sa} = 295 \text{ N/mm}^2 \quad \therefore \text{O.K.}$
- ・コンクリートのせん断応力度
 $\tau_c = S / (b \cdot j \cdot d) = 89904 / (1000 \times 0.934 \times 779.00) = 0.124 \text{ N/mm}^2$
 $< \tau_{ca} = 2.1 \text{ N/mm}^2 \quad \therefore \text{O.K.}$

2) たて壁 (固定部)

$$\begin{aligned}
 PAX &= 1/2 \cdot KA \cdot \gamma \cdot H^2 \cdot \cos(12.00^\circ + 3.40^\circ) = 1/2 \times 0.406 \times 17.0 \times 4.950^2 \times 0.9641 = 81.522 \text{ kN/m} \\
 \Delta PAX &= KA \cdot q \cdot H \cdot \cos(12.00^\circ + 3.40^\circ) = 0.406 \times 10.0 \times 4.950 \times 0.9641 = 19.375 \text{ kN/m} \\
 \text{たて壁重量 } W1 &= 103.020 \text{ kN/m} \quad \text{背面土重量 } W2 = 374.218 \text{ kN/m} \\
 M &= PAX \cdot n + \Delta PAX \cdot n + W1 \cdot Kh \cdot y1 + W2 \cdot Kh \cdot y2 + q \cdot Kh \cdot y3 \\
 &= \{81.522 \times (4.950/3) + 19.375 \times (4.950/2) + 103.020 \times 0.25 \times 2.376 \\
 &\quad + 374.218 \times 0.25 \times 2.502 + 10.000 \times 0.25 \times 4.950\} \times 10^5 = 49014600 \text{ Ncm/m} \\
 S &= PAX + \Delta PAX + W1 \cdot Kh + W2 \cdot Kh + q \cdot Kh \\
 &= (81.522 + 19.375 + 103.020 \times 0.25 + 374.218 \times 0.25 + 10.000 \times 0.25) \times 10^3 \\
 &= 222707 \text{ N/m} \\
 D &= 100.00 \text{ cm} \quad d = 92.90 \text{ cm} \quad j = 81.288 \text{ cm} \\
 at &= M / (ft \cdot j) = 49014600 / (29500 \times 81.288) = 20.440 \text{ cm}^2/\text{m} \\
 \phi &= S / (fa \cdot j) = 222707 / (210.00 \times 81.288) = 13.046 \text{ cm/m}
 \end{aligned}$$

配筋 D22-189@ -----> ∴ D22-150@ とする

$$\begin{aligned}
 n &= 15 \quad b = 100 \text{ cm} \\
 p &= As / (b \cdot d) = 2580.667 / (1000 \times 929.00) = 0.00278 \\
 k &= \text{sqr}\{2n \cdot p + (n \cdot p)^2\} - n \cdot p = \text{sqr}\{2 \times 15 \times 0.00278 + (15 \times 0.00278)^2\} - 15 \times 0.00278 = 0.250 \\
 j &= 1 - (K/3) = 1 - (0.250/3) = 0.917
 \end{aligned}$$

- ・コンクリートの曲げ圧縮応力度
 $\sigma_c = 2M / (k \cdot j \cdot b \cdot d^2) = 2 \times 490146000 / (0.250 \times 0.917 \times 1000 \times 929.00^2) = 4.956 \text{ N/mm}^2$
 $< \sigma_{ca} = 21.0 \text{ N/mm}^2 \quad \therefore \text{O.K.}$
- ・鉄筋の引張応力度
 $\sigma_s = M / (As \cdot j \cdot d) = 490146000 / (2580.667 \times 0.917 \times 929.00) = 223.032 \text{ N/mm}^2$
 $< \sigma_{sa} = 295 \text{ N/mm}^2 \quad \therefore \text{O.K.}$
- ・コンクリートのせん断応力度
 $\tau_c = S / (b \cdot j \cdot d) = 222707 / (1000 \times 0.917 \times 929.00) = 0.262 \text{ N/mm}^2$
 $< \tau_{ca} = 2.1 \text{ N/mm}^2 \quad \therefore \text{O.K.}$

3) 底版 (中央部)

$$\begin{aligned}
 C1 &= (W1 \cdot B^2) / 12 = (64.300 \times 2.000^2) / 12 = 21.433 \text{KNm/m} \\
 M1 &= (W1 \cdot B^2) / 8 - C1 = (64.300 \times 2.000^2) / 8 - 21.433 = 10.717 \text{KNm/m} \\
 C21 &= (V4 \cdot B^2 / 12) + \{ (V2 - V4) \cdot B^2 / 20 \} \\
 &= (117.237 \times 2.000^2) / 12 + \{ (133.290 - 117.237) \times 2.000^2 / 20 \} = 42.289 \text{KNm/m} \\
 C22 &= (V4 \cdot B^2 / 12) + \{ (V2 - V4) \cdot B^2 / 30 \} \\
 &= (117.237 \times 2.000^2) / 12 + \{ (133.290 - 117.237) \times 2.000^2 / 30 \} = 41.219 \text{KNm/m} \\
 M2 &= (V4 \cdot B^2 / 8) + (V2 - V4) \cdot B^2 / (9 \cdot \text{Sqr}(3)) - (C21 + C22) / 2 \\
 &= (117.237 \times 2.000^2) / 8 + (133.290 - 117.237) \times 2.000^2 / (9 \times \text{Sqr}(3)) \\
 &\quad - (42.289 + 41.219) / 2 = 20.983 \text{KNm/m} \\
 M &= |M1 - M2| = |10.717 - 20.983| \times 10^5 = 1026647 \text{Ncm/m}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 D &= 70.00 \text{cm} \quad d = 63.05 \text{cm} \quad j = 55.169 \text{cm} \\
 at &= M / (ft \cdot j) = 1026647 / (29500 \times 55.169) = 0.631 \text{cm}^2/\text{m}
 \end{aligned}$$

配筋 D19-4541@ ----> ∴ D19-300@ とする

$$\begin{aligned}
 n &= 15 \quad b = 100 \text{cm} \\
 p &= As / (b \cdot d) = 955.000 / (1000 \times 630.50) = 0.00151 \\
 k &= \text{sqr} \{ 2n \cdot p + (n \cdot p)^2 \} - n \cdot p = \text{sqr} \{ 2 \times 15 \times 0.00151 + (15 \times 0.00151)^2 \} - 15 \times 0.00151 = 0.192 \\
 j &= 1 - (K/3) = 1 - (0.192/3) = 0.936
 \end{aligned}$$

- ・コンクリートの曲げ圧縮応力度
 $\sigma_c = 2M / (k \cdot j \cdot b \cdot d^2) = 2 \times 10266470 / (0.192 \times 0.936 \times 1000 \times 630.50^2) = 0.288 \text{N/mm}^2$
 $< \sigma_{ca} = 21.0 \text{N/mm}^2 \quad \therefore \text{O.K.}$
- ・鉄筋の引張応力度
 $\sigma_s = M / (As \cdot j \cdot d) = 10266470 / (955.000 \times 0.936 \times 630.50) = 18.214 \text{N/mm}^2$
 $< \sigma_{sa} = 295 \text{N/mm}^2 \quad \therefore \text{O.K.}$

4) 底版 (前面固定部)

$$\begin{aligned}
 C1 &= (W1 \cdot B^2) / 12 = (64.300 \times 2.000^2) / 12 = 21.433 \text{KNm/m} \\
 M1 &= C1 = 21.433 \text{KNm/m} \\
 S1 &= (W1 \cdot B) / 2 = (64.300 \times 2.000) / 2 = 64.300 \text{KN/m} \\
 C21 &= (V4 \cdot B^2 / 12) + \{ (V2 - V4) \cdot B^2 / 20 \} \\
 &= (117.237 \times 2.000^2) / 12 + \{ (133.290 - 117.237) \times 2.000^2 / 20 \} = 42.289 \text{KNm/m} \\
 M2 &= C21 = 42.289 \text{KNm/m} \\
 S2 &= (V4 \cdot B) / 2 + (V2 - V4) \cdot B / 3 = (117.237 \times 2.000) / 2 + (133.290 - 117.237) \times 2.000 / 3 = 127.939 \text{KN/m} \\
 M &= |M1 - M2| = |21.433 - 42.289| \times 10^5 = 2085613 \text{Ncm/m} \\
 S &= |S1 - S2| = |64.300 - 127.939| \times 10^3 = 63639 \text{N/m}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 D &= 70.00 \text{cm} \quad d = 63.05 \text{cm} \quad j = 55.169 \text{cm} \\
 at &= M / (ft \cdot j) = 2085613 / (29500 \times 55.169) = 1.282 \text{cm}^2/\text{m} \\
 \phi &= S / (fa \cdot j) = 63639 / (210.00 \times 55.169) = 5.493 \text{cm/m}
 \end{aligned}$$

配筋 D19-1092@ ----> ∴ D19-300@ とする

$$\begin{aligned}
 n &= 15 \quad b = 100 \text{cm} \\
 p &= As / (b \cdot d) = 955.000 / (1000 \times 630.50) = 0.00151 \\
 k &= \text{sqr} \{ 2n \cdot p + (n \cdot p)^2 \} - n \cdot p = \text{sqr} \{ 2 \times 15 \times 0.00151 + (15 \times 0.00151)^2 \} - 15 \times 0.00151 = 0.192 \\
 j &= 1 - (K/3) = 1 - (0.192/3) = 0.936
 \end{aligned}$$

- ・コンクリートの曲げ圧縮応力度
 $\sigma_c = 2M / (k \cdot j \cdot b \cdot d^2) = 2 \times 20856130 / (0.192 \times 0.936 \times 1000 \times 630.50^2) = 0.585 \text{N/mm}^2$
 $< \sigma_{ca} = 21.0 \text{N/mm}^2 \quad \therefore \text{O.K.}$
- ・鉄筋の引張応力度
 $\sigma_s = M / (As \cdot j \cdot d) = 20856130 / (955.000 \times 0.936 \times 630.50) = 37.001 \text{N/mm}^2$
 $< \sigma_{sa} = 295 \text{N/mm}^2 \quad \therefore \text{O.K.}$
- ・コンクリートのせん断応力度
 $\tau_c = S / (b \cdot j \cdot d) = 63639 / (1000 \times 0.936 \times 630.50) = 0.108 \text{N/mm}^2$
 $< \tau_{ca} = 2.1 \text{N/mm}^2 \quad \therefore \text{O.K.}$

5) 底版 (後面固定部)

$$\begin{aligned}
 C1 &= (W1 \cdot B^2) / 12 = (64.300 \times 2.000^2) / 12 = 21.433 \text{KNm/m} \\
 M1 &= C1 = 21.433 \text{KNm/m} \\
 S1 &= (W1 \cdot B) / 2 = (64.300 \times 2.000) / 2 = 64.300 \text{KN/m} \\
 C22 &= (V4 \cdot B^2 / 12) + \{ (V2 - V4) \cdot B^2 / 30 \} \\
 &= (117.237 \times 2.000^2) / 12 + \{ (133.290 - 117.237) \times 2.000^2 / 30 \} = 41.219 \text{KNm/m} \\
 M2 &= C22 = 41.219 \text{KNm/m} \\
 S2 &= (V4 \cdot B) / 2 + (V2 - V4) \cdot B / 6 = (117.237 \times 2.000) / 2 + (133.290 - 117.237) \times 2.000 / 6 = 122.588 \text{KN/m} \\
 M &= |M1 - M2| = |21.433 - 41.219| \times 10^5 = 1978592 \text{Ncm/m} \\
 S &= |S1 - S2| = |64.300 - 122.588| \times 10^3 = 58288 \text{N/m} \\
 D &= 70.00 \text{cm} \quad d = 63.05 \text{cm} \quad j = 55.169 \text{cm} \\
 at &= M / (ft \cdot j) = 1978592 / (29500 \times 55.169) = 1.216 \text{cm}^2/\text{m} \\
 \phi &= S / (fa \cdot j) = 58288 / (210.00 \times 55.169) = 5.031 \text{cm/m}
 \end{aligned}$$

配筋 D19-1192@ -----> ∴ D19-300@ とする

$$\begin{aligned}
 n &= 15 \quad b = 100 \text{cm} \\
 p &= As / (b \cdot d) = 955.000 / (1000 \times 630.50) = 0.00151 \\
 k &= \sqrt{2n \cdot p + (n \cdot p)^2} - n \cdot p = \sqrt{2 \times 15 \times 0.00151 + (15 \times 0.00151)^2} - 15 \times 0.00151 = 0.192 \\
 j &= 1 - (K/3) = 1 - (0.192/3) = 0.936
 \end{aligned}$$

- ・コンクリートの曲げ圧縮応力度
 $\sigma_c = 2M / (k \cdot j \cdot b \cdot d^2) = 2 \times 19785920 / (0.192 \times 0.936 \times 1000 \times 630.50^2) = 0.555 \text{N/mm}^2$
 $< \sigma_{ca} = 21.0 \text{N/mm}^2 \quad \therefore \text{O.K.}$
- ・鉄筋の引張応力度
 $\sigma_s = M / (As \cdot j \cdot d) = 19785920 / (955.000 \times 0.936 \times 630.50) = 35.103 \text{N/mm}^2$
 $< \sigma_{sa} = 295 \text{N/mm}^2 \quad \therefore \text{O.K.}$
- ・コンクリートのせん断応力度
 $\tau_c = S / (b \cdot j \cdot d) = 58288 / (1000 \times 0.936 \times 630.50) = 0.099 \text{N/mm}^2$
 $< \tau_{ca} = 2.1 \text{N/mm}^2 \quad \therefore \text{O.K.}$

6) かかと版 (固定部)

$$\begin{aligned}
 M1 &= (W2 \cdot B^2) / 2 = (110.950 \times 4.300^2) / 2 = 1025.733 \text{KNm/m} \\
 S1 &= W2 \cdot B = 110.950 \times 4.300 = 477.085 \text{KN/m} \\
 M2 &= (V5 + 2 \cdot VR) \cdot B^2 / 6 = (109.210 + 2 \times 74.695) \times 4.300^2 / 6 = 796.921 \text{KNm/m} \\
 S2 &= (V5 + VR) \cdot B / 2 = (109.210 + 74.695) \times 4.300 / 2 = 395.396 \text{KN/m} \\
 M &= |M1 - M2| = |1025.733 - 796.921| \times 10^5 = 22881150 \text{Ncm/m} \\
 S &= |S1 - S2| = |477.085 - 395.396| \times 10^3 = 81689 \text{N/m} \\
 D &= 70.00 \text{cm} \quad d = 63.05 \text{cm} \quad j = 55.169 \text{cm} \\
 at &= M / (ft \cdot j) = 22881150 / (29500 \times 55.169) = 14.059 \text{cm}^2/\text{m} \\
 \phi &= S / (fa \cdot j) = 81689 / (210.00 \times 55.169) = 7.051 \text{cm/m}
 \end{aligned}$$

配筋 D19-203@ -----> ∴ D19-150@ とする

$$\begin{aligned}
 n &= 15 \quad b = 100 \text{cm} \\
 p &= As / (b \cdot d) = 1910.000 / (1000 \times 630.50) = 0.00303 \\
 k &= \sqrt{2n \cdot p + (n \cdot p)^2} - n \cdot p = \sqrt{2 \times 15 \times 0.00303 + 15 \times 0.00303^2} - 15 \times 0.00303 = 0.259 \\
 j &= 1 - (K/3) = 1 - (0.259/3) = 0.914
 \end{aligned}$$

- ・コンクリートの曲げ圧縮応力度
 $\sigma_c = 2M / (k \cdot j \cdot b \cdot d^2) = 2 \times 228811500 / (0.259 \times 0.914 \times 1000 \times 630.50^2) = 4.857 \text{N/mm}^2$
 $< \sigma_{ca} = 21.0 \text{N/mm}^2 \quad \therefore \text{O.K.}$
- ・鉄筋の引張応力度
 $\sigma_s = M / (As \cdot j \cdot d) = 228811500 / (1910.000 \times 0.914 \times 630.50) = 207.989 \text{N/mm}^2$
 $< \sigma_{sa} = 295 \text{N/mm}^2 \quad \therefore \text{O.K.}$
- ・コンクリートのせん断応力度
 $\tau_c = S / (b \cdot j \cdot d) = 81689 / (1000 \times 0.914 \times 630.50) = 0.141 \text{N/mm}^2$
 $< \tau_{ca} = 2.1 \text{N/mm}^2 \quad \therefore \text{O.K.}$

7) つま先版 (固定部)

$$M1 = (W4 \cdot B^2) / 2 = (16.800 \times 0.300^2) / 2 = 0.756 \text{KNm/m}$$

$$S1 = W4 \cdot B = 16.800 \times 0.300 = 5.040 \text{KN/m}$$

$$M2 = (V1 + 2 \cdot VP) \cdot B^2 / 6 = (138.908 + 2 \times 141.316) \times 0.300^2 / 6 = 6.323 \text{KNm/m}$$

$$S2 = (V1 + VP) \cdot B / 2 = (138.908 + 141.316) \times 0.300 / 2 = 42.034 \text{KN/m}$$

$$M = |M1 - M2| = |0.756 - 6.323| \times 10^5 = 556711 \text{Ncm/m}$$

$$S = |S1 - S2| = |5.040 - 42.034| \times 10^3 = 36994 \text{Ncm/m}$$

$$D = 70.00 \text{cm} \quad d = 63.05 \text{cm} \quad j = 55.169 \text{cm}$$

$$at = M / (ft \cdot j) = 556711 / (29500 \times 55.169) = 0.342 \text{cm}^2/\text{m}$$

$$\phi = S / (fa \cdot j) = 36994 / (210.00 \times 55.169) = 3.193 \text{cm/m}$$

配筋 D19-1879@ ----> ∴ D19-300@ とする

$$n = 15 \quad b = 100 \text{cm}$$

$$p = As / (b \cdot d) = 955.000 / (1000 \times 630.50) = 0.00151$$

$$k = \text{sqr}\{2n \cdot p + (n \cdot p)^2\} - n \cdot p = \text{sqr}\{2 \times 15 \times 0.00151 + 15 \times 0.00151^2\} - 15 \times 0.00151 = 0.192$$

$$j = 1 - (K/3) = 1 - (0.192/3) = 0.936$$

- ・コンクリートの曲げ圧縮応力度

$$\sigma_c = 2M / (k \cdot j \cdot b \cdot d^2) = 2 \times 5567114 / (0.192 \times 0.936 \times 1000 \times 630.50^2) = 0.156 \text{N/mm}^2$$

$$< \sigma_{ca} = 21.0 \text{N/mm}^2 \quad \therefore \text{O.K.}$$

- ・鉄筋の引張応力度

$$\sigma_s = M / (As \cdot j \cdot d) = 5567114 / (955.000 \times 0.936 \times 630.50) = 9.877 \text{N/mm}^2$$

$$< \sigma_{sa} = 295 \text{N/mm}^2 \quad \therefore \text{O.K.}$$

- ・コンクリートのせん断応力度

$$\tau_c = S / (b \cdot j \cdot d) = 36994 / (1000 \times 0.936 \times 630.50) = 0.063 \text{N/mm}^2$$

$$< \tau_{ca} = 2.1 \text{N/mm}^2 \quad \therefore \text{O.K.}$$

§ 1. 一般事項(地震時)

1-1 工作物の概要

- ・ 築造地 : 奈良市
- ・ 形 式 : U型鉄筋コンクリート造擁壁

1-2 使用材料 及 許容応力度

- ・ コンクリート
 - 設計基準強度 : $\sigma_{ck} = 21 \text{ N/mm}^2$
 - 許容圧縮応力度 : $\sigma_{ca} = 21.0 \text{ N/mm}^2$
 - 許容せん断応力度 : $\tau_{ca} = 1.08 \text{ N/mm}^2$
 - 許容付着応力度 : $\tau_{0a} = 2.1 \text{ N/mm}^2$
- ・ 鉄 筋
 - 許容引張応力度 : $\sigma_{sa} = 295.0 \text{ N/mm}^2$
- ・ 鉄筋コンクリート
 - 単位体積重量 : $r = 24.0 \text{ kN/m}^3$

1-3 設計条件

◎背面土

- ・ 土質の種類 : 砂質土
- ・ 土の単位体積重量 : $\gamma_s = 17.0 \text{ kN/m}^3$
- ・ せん断抵抗角 : $\phi = 24.0^\circ$
- ・ 粘 着 力 : $C = 0 \text{ kN/m}^2$
- ・ 仮想背面と土との摩擦角 : (安定計算時) $\delta = \text{計算による}$
- ・ 壁背面と土との摩擦角 : (断面計算時) $\delta = 12.00^\circ$

○土圧

岡部・物部式による。(水平震度 $K_h = 0.2125$)

◎支持地盤

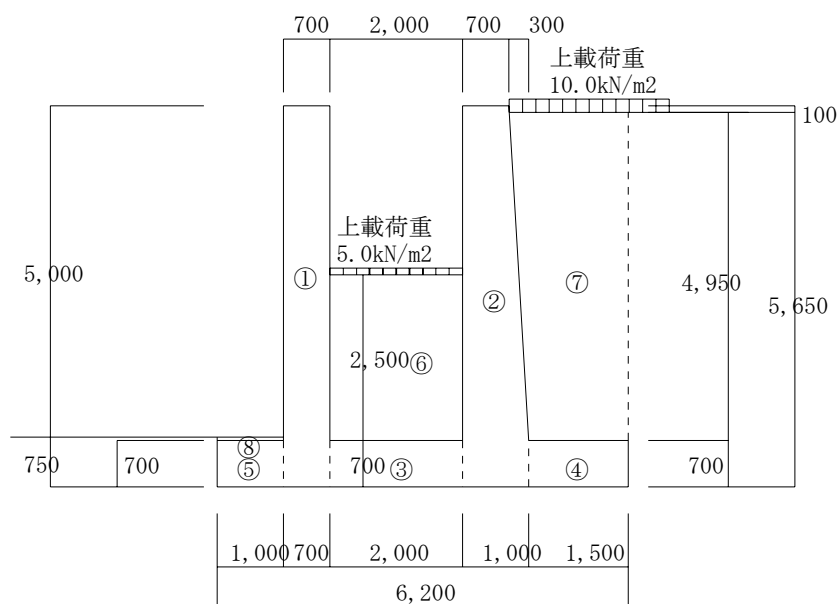
- ・ 土質の種類 : 砂質土
- ・ せん断抵抗角 : $\phi = 24.0^\circ$
- ・ 粘 着 力 : $C = 20.0 \text{ kN/m}^2$
- ・ 許容地耐力 : $q_a = 150 \text{ kN/m}^2$
- ・ 底盤の摩擦係数 : $\mu = 0.4$

1-4 設計方針

- ・ 本計算は、片持梁式鉄筋コンクリート擁壁として、すべて土圧にて行う。
- ・ 本計算は、(社)日本道路協会「道路土工(擁壁工指針)」及び、日本土木学会「コンクリート標準示方書」に準拠して行う。

§ 6. RC擁壁（５）の設計

6-1 荷重の計算（地震時）



地表面と水平面とのなす角度 $\beta=0^\circ$
 壁背面と鉛直面とのなす角度 $\theta=0.00^\circ$ （仮想背面）
 粘着力 0 の土圧に対しては、 $H=H_0=5.650\text{m}$

1) 自重

区 分	面 積 A (m ²)	単位重量 γ (kN/m ³)	重 量 W (kN/m)	重心距離 (m)		モーメント (kN・m/m)	
				x	y	W・x	W・y
①前たて壁	$0.700 \times 5.750 = 4.0250$	24.0	96.6000	1.350	2.875	130.4100	277.7250
②後たて壁	$5.050 \times (0.700 + 1.000) / 2 + 1.000 \times 0.700 = 4.9925$	24.0	119.8200	4.118	2.694	493.4520	322.8180
③底版	$2.000 \times 0.700 = 1.4000$	24.0	33.6000	2.700	0.350	90.7200	11.7600
④かかと版	$1.500 \times 0.700 = 1.0500$	24.0	25.2000	5.450	0.350	137.3400	6.2475
⑤つま先版	$1.000 \times 0.700 = 0.7000$	24.0	16.8000	0.500	0.350	8.4000	4.1650
⑥中央土	$2.000 \times 2.500 = 5.0000$	17.0	85.0000	2.700	1.950	229.5000	165.7500
⑦背面土	$(1.500 + 1.794) \times 4.950 / 2 = 8.1528$	17.0	138.5976	5.374	3.249	744.8645	450.2546
⑧前面土	$1.000 \times 0.050 = 0.0500$	17.0	0.8500	0.500	0.725	0.4250	0.6163
合 計 Σ		—	516.4676	—	—	1835.1116	1243.6239

重心 $x = \Sigma W \cdot x / \Sigma W = 1835.112 / 516.468 = 3.553\text{m}$
 $y = \Sigma W \cdot y / \Sigma W = 1243.624 / 516.468 = 2.408\text{m}$

2) 上載荷重

背面上載荷重・・・ $W = 10.00 \times 1.7941 = 17.9406\text{kN/m}$
 中央上載荷重・・・ $W = 5.00 \times 2.0000 = 10.0000\text{kN/m}$

3) 擁壁に及ぼす土圧

設計水平震度 $K_h=CZ \cdot K_{ho}=0.85 \times 0.25=0.2125$ 設計鉛直震度 $K_v=0.00$

地震合成角 $\theta_k = \text{Atn}\{K_h / (1 - K_v)\} = \text{Atn}\{0.2125 / (1 - 0.00)\} = 12.00^\circ$

土(仮想背面)と土との摩擦角

$$\sin \Delta = \frac{\sin(\beta + \theta_k)}{\sin \phi} = \frac{\sin(0.00^\circ + 12.00^\circ)}{\sin 24.00^\circ} = \frac{0.2079}{0.4067} = 0.5110 \quad \therefore \Delta = 30.73^\circ$$

$$\tan \delta = \frac{\sin \phi \cdot \sin(\theta_k + \Delta - \beta)}{1 - \sin \phi \cdot \cos(\theta_k + \Delta - \beta)} = \frac{\sin 24.00^\circ \times \sin(12.00^\circ + 30.73^\circ - 0.00^\circ)}{1 - \sin 24.00^\circ \times \cos(12.00^\circ + 30.73^\circ - 0.00^\circ)}$$

$$= \frac{0.4067 \times 0.6785}{1 - 0.4067 \times 0.7346} = 0.3936 \quad \therefore \delta = 21.48^\circ$$

地震時主働土圧係数

$$K_{AE} = \frac{(1 - K_v) \cos^2(\phi - \theta - \theta_k)}{\cos \theta_k \cos^2 \theta \cos(\delta + \theta + \theta_k) \left[1 + \sqrt{\frac{\sin(\phi - \beta - \theta_k) \sin(\phi + \delta)}{\cos(\delta + \theta + \theta_k) \cos(\theta - \beta)}} \right]^2}$$

$$= \frac{(1 - 0.00) \times \cos^2(24.00^\circ - 0.00^\circ - 12.00^\circ)}{\cos 12.00^\circ \times \cos^2(0.00^\circ) \times \cos(21.48^\circ + 0.00^\circ + 12.00^\circ) \times \left[1 + \sqrt{\frac{\sin(24.00^\circ - 0.00^\circ - 12.00^\circ) \times \sin(24.00^\circ + 21.48^\circ)}{\cos(21.48^\circ + 0.00^\circ + 12.00^\circ) \times \cos(0.00^\circ - 0.00^\circ)}} \right]^2}$$

$$= \frac{1.00 \times 0.9568}{0.9782 \times 1.0000 \times 0.8341 \times \left[1 + \sqrt{\frac{0.2080 \times 0.7130}{0.8341 \times 1.0000}} \right]^2}$$

$$= 0.597$$

前面及び背面土による土圧

$PA = 1/2 \cdot KA \cdot \gamma \cdot H^2 = 1/2 \times 0.597 \times 17.0 \times 5.650^2 = 161.9907 \text{ kN/m}$

$PAX = PA \cdot \cos \delta = PA \cdot \cos 21.48^\circ = 161.9907 \times 0.9305 = 150.7398 \text{ kN/m}$

$PAY = PA \cdot \sin \delta = PA \cdot \sin 21.48^\circ = 161.9907 \times 0.3662 = 59.3171 \text{ kN/m}$

背面上載荷重による土圧

$\Delta PA = KA \cdot q \cdot H = 0.597 \times 10.0 \times 5.650 = 33.7305 \text{ kN/m}$

$\Delta PAX = \Delta PA \cdot \cos \delta = \Delta PA \cdot \cos 21.48^\circ = 33.7305 \times 0.9305 = 31.3878 \text{ kN/m}$

$\Delta PAY = \Delta PA \cdot \sin \delta = \Delta PA \cdot \sin 21.48^\circ = 33.7305 \times 0.3662 = 12.3513 \text{ kN/m}$

作用点の位置

$PAX : y = H/3 = 5.650/3 = 1.883 \text{ m}$ $PAY : x = 6.200 \text{ m}$

$\Delta PAX : y = H/2 = 5.650/2 = 2.825 \text{ m}$ $\Delta PAY : x = 6.200 \text{ m}$

4) 荷重の集計 (水平力＝慣性力＋地震時土圧)

荷重の種類	鉛直力 V (kN/m)	水平力 H (kN/m)	作用点 (m)		モーメント (kN・m/m)	
			x	y	V・x	H・y
自重(W)	516.4676	109.7494	3.553	2.408	1835.1116	264.2701
土圧(PA)	59.3171	150.7398	6.200	1.883	367.7663	283.8932
土圧(ΔPA)	12.3513	31.3878	6.200	2.825	76.5781	88.6704
背面上載荷重	17.9406	——	5.303	——	95.1384	——
中央上載荷重	10.0000	——	2.700	——	27.0000	——
前面上載荷重						
合計 Σ	616.0766	291.8769	——	——	2401.5944	636.8337

6-2 安定性の検討 (地震時)

1) 転倒に対する検討

抵抗モーメント $M_r = \Sigma V \cdot x = 2401.594 \text{ kNm/m}$

転倒モーメント $M_o = \Sigma H \cdot y = 636.834 \text{ kNm/m}$

転倒安全率 $F = M_r / M_o = 2401.594 / 636.834 = 3.771 > 1.0 \quad \therefore \text{O.K.}$

2) 地盤支持力(接地圧)に対する検討

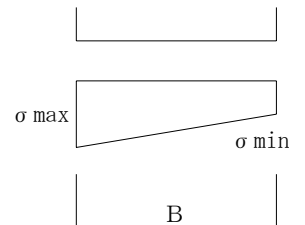
合力の作用位置 $d = (M_r - M_o) / \Sigma V = (2401.594 - 636.834) / 616.077 = 2.865 \text{ m}$

偏心距離 $e = (B/2) - d = (6.200/2) - 2.865 = 0.235 \text{ m}$

最大接地圧 $\sigma_{\max} = (\Sigma V/B) \cdot \{1 + (6e/B)\}$
 $= (616.077/6.200) \times \{1 + (6 \times 0.235/6.200)\}$
 $= 122.012 \text{ kN/m}^2$

最小接地圧 $\sigma_{\min} = (\Sigma V/B) \cdot \{1 - (6e/B)\}$
 $= (616.077/6.200) \times \{1 - (6 \times 0.235/6.200)\}$
 $= 76.723 \text{ kN/m}^2$

$\sigma_{\max}, \sigma_{\min} < 150.0 \text{ kN/m}^2 \quad \therefore \text{O.K.}$



3) 滑り出しに対する検討

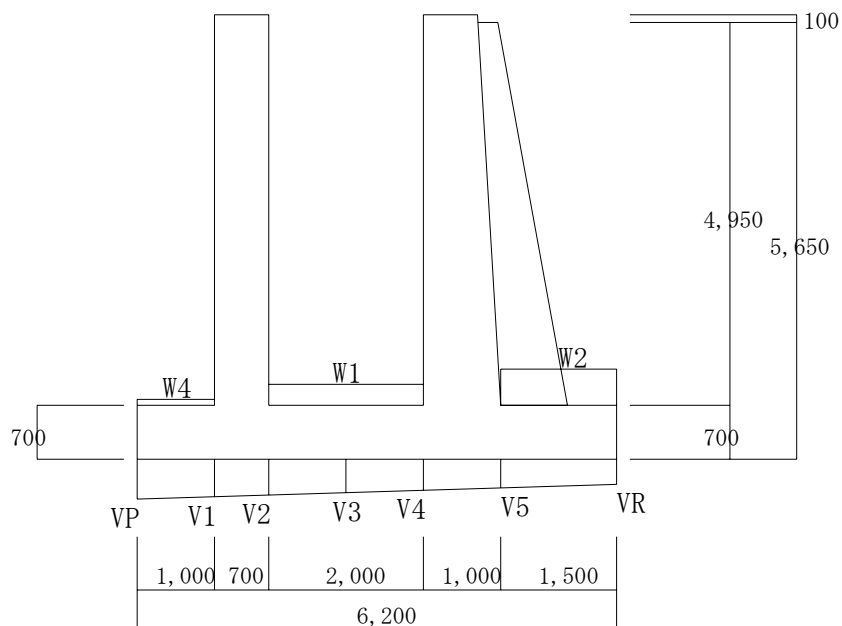
底版の有効載荷面積 $A' = B - 2e = 6.200 - 2 \times 0.235 = 5.729 \text{ m}^2/\text{m}$

水平力の総和 $\Sigma H = 291.877 \text{ kN/m}$

滑動に対する抵抗力 $R_H = C \cdot A' + \Sigma V \cdot \mu = 20.0 \times 5.729 + 616.077 \times 0.4 = 361.011 \text{ kN/m}$

滑動安全率 $F = R_H / \Sigma H = 361.011 / 291.877 = 1.237 > 1.0 \quad \therefore \text{O.K.}$

6-3 断面の計算（地震時）



中立軸までの距離

$$X_n = (B/2) \cdot [1 + \{B/(6e)\}] = (6.200/2) \times [1 + \{6.200/(6 \times 0.235)\}] = 16.703\text{m}$$

VP=122.012KN/m² V1=114.707KN/m² V2=109.594KN/m² V3=102.289KN/m² V4=94.984KN/m²
V5=87.680KN/m² VR=76.723KN/m²

$$\begin{aligned} W1 &= (2.500 \times 17.0) + (0.700 \times 24.0) + 5.00 = 64.300 \text{KN/m}^2 \\ W2 &= (4.950 \times 17.0) + (0.700 \times 24.0) + 10.00 = 110.950 \text{KN/m}^2 \\ W4 &= (0.050 \times 17.0) + (0.700 \times 24.0) + 0.00 = 17.650 \text{KN/m}^2 \end{aligned}$$

地表面と水平面とのなす角度 : $\beta = 0.00^\circ$
 後壁背面と鉛直面とのなす角度 : $\theta = 3.40^\circ$

水平震度 $K_h=0.21$ 鉛直震度 $K_v=0.00$
地震合成角 $\theta_k = \text{Atn}\{K_h / (1 - K_v)\} = \text{Atn}\{0.21 / (1 - 0.00)\} = 12.00^\circ$

地震時主働土圧係数

$$\begin{aligned} \text{KAE} &= \frac{(1 - k_v) \cos^2(\phi - \theta - \theta_k)}{\cos \theta_k \cos^2 \theta \cos(\delta + \theta + \theta_k) \left[1 + \sqrt{\frac{\sin(\phi - \beta - \theta_k) \sin(\phi + \delta)}{\cos(\delta + \theta + \theta_k) \cos(\theta - \beta)}} \right]^2} \\ &= \frac{(1 - 0.00) \times \cos^2(24.00^\circ - 3.40^\circ - 12.00^\circ)}{\cos 12.00^\circ \times \cos^2(3.40^\circ) \times \cos(12.00^\circ + 3.40^\circ + 12.00^\circ) \times \left[1 + \sqrt{\frac{\sin(24.00^\circ - 0.00^\circ - 12.00^\circ) \times \sin(24.00^\circ + 12.00^\circ)}{\cos(12.00^\circ + 3.40^\circ + 12.00^\circ) \times \cos(3.40^\circ - 0.00^\circ)}} \right]^2} \\ &= \frac{1.00 \times 0.9776}{0.9782 \times 0.9965 \times 0.8878 \times \left[1 + \sqrt{\frac{0.2080 \times 0.5878}{0.8878 \times 0.9982}} \right]^2} \\ &= 0.601 \end{aligned}$$

1) たて壁 (中央部)

$$PAX = 1/2 \cdot KA \cdot \gamma \cdot H^2 \cdot \cos(12.00^\circ + 3.40^\circ) = 1/2 \times 0.601 \times 17.0 \times 2.425^2 \times 0.9641 = 28.963 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$\Delta PAX = KA \cdot q \cdot H \cdot \cos(12.00^\circ + 3.40^\circ) = 0.601 \times 10.0 \times 2.425 \times 0.9641 = 14.051 \text{ kN/m}$$

たて壁重量 $W = 46.965 \text{ kN/m}$

$$M = PAX \cdot n + \Delta PAX \cdot n + W \cdot Kh \cdot y$$

$$= \{28.963 \times (2.475/3) + 14.051 \times (2.475/2) + 46.965 \times 0.21 \times 1.222\} \times 10^5 = 5264165 \text{ Ncm/m}$$

$$S = PAX + \Delta PAX + W \cdot Kh = (28.963 + 14.051 + 46.965 \times 0.21) \times 10^3 = 52994 \text{ N/m}$$

$$D = 85.00 \text{ cm} \quad d = 78.05 \text{ cm} \quad j = 68.294 \text{ cm}$$

$$at = M / (ft \cdot j) = 5264165 / (29500 \times 68.294) = 2.613 \text{ cm}^2/\text{m}$$

$$\phi = S / (fa \cdot j) = 52994 / (210.00 \times 68.294) = 3.695 \text{ cm/m}$$

配筋 D19-1096@ -----> \therefore D19-300@ とする

$$n = 15 \quad b = 100 \text{ cm}$$

$$p = As / (b \cdot d) = 955.000 / (1000 \times 780.50) = 0.00122$$

$$k = \text{sqr}\{2n \cdot p + (n \cdot p)^2\} - n \cdot p = \text{sqr}\{2 \times 15 \times 0.00122 + (15 \times 0.00122)^2\} - 15 \times 0.00122 = 0.174$$

$$j = 1 - (K/3) = 1 - (0.174/3) = 0.942$$

- ・コンクリートの曲げ圧縮応力度

$$\sigma_c = 2M / (k \cdot j \cdot b \cdot d^2) = 2 \times 52641640 / (0.174 \times 0.942 \times 1000 \times 780.50^2) = 1.054 \text{ N/mm}^2$$

$$< \sigma_{ca} = 21.0 \text{ N/mm}^2 \quad \therefore \text{O.K.}$$

- ・鉄筋の引張応力度

$$\sigma_s = M / (As \cdot j \cdot d) = 52641640 / (955.000 \times 0.942 \times 780.50) = 74.976 \text{ N/mm}^2$$

$$< \sigma_{sa} = 295 \text{ N/mm}^2 \quad \therefore \text{O.K.}$$

- ・コンクリートのせん断応力度

$$\tau_c = S / (b \cdot d) = 52994 / (1000 \times 780.50) = 0.068 \text{ N/mm}^2$$

$$< \tau_{ca} = 1.08 \text{ N/mm}^2 \quad \therefore \text{O.K.}$$

2) たて壁 (固定部)

$$PAX = 1/2 \cdot KA \cdot \gamma \cdot H^2 \cdot \cos(12.00^\circ + 3.40^\circ) = 1/2 \times 0.601 \times 17.0 \times 4.950^2 \times 0.9641 = 120.677 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$\Delta PAX = KA \cdot q \cdot H \cdot \cos(12.00^\circ + 3.40^\circ) = 0.601 \times 10.0 \times 4.950 \times 0.9641 = 28.681 \text{ kN/m}$$

たて壁重量 $W = 103.020 \text{ kN/m}$

$$M = PAX \cdot n + \Delta PAX \cdot n + W \cdot Kh \cdot y$$

$$= \{120.677 \times (4.950/3) + 28.681 \times (4.950/2) + 103.020 \times 0.21 \times 2.376\} \times 10^5 = 32212860 \text{ Ncm/m}$$

$$S = PAX + \Delta PAX + W \cdot Kh = (120.677 + 28.681 + 103.020 \times 0.21) \times 10^3 = 171250 \text{ N/m}$$

$$D = 100.00 \text{ cm} \quad d = 93.05 \text{ cm} \quad j = 81.419 \text{ cm}$$

$$at = M / (ft \cdot j) = 32212860 / (29500 \times 81.419) = 13.412 \text{ cm}^2/\text{m}$$

$$\phi = S / (fa \cdot j) = 171250 / (210.00 \times 81.419) = 10.016 \text{ cm/m}$$

配筋 D19-213@ -----> \therefore D19-150@ とする

$$n = 15 \quad b = 100 \text{ cm}$$

$$p = As / (b \cdot d) = 1910.000 / (1000 \times 930.50) = 0.00205$$

$$k = \text{sqr}\{2n \cdot p + (n \cdot p)^2\} - n \cdot p = \text{sqr}\{2 \times 15 \times 0.00205 + (15 \times 0.00205)^2\} - 15 \times 0.00205 = 0.219$$

$$j = 1 - (K/3) = 1 - (0.219/3) = 0.927$$

- ・コンクリートの曲げ圧縮応力度

$$\sigma_c = 2M / (k \cdot j \cdot b \cdot d^2) = 2 \times 322128600 / (0.219 \times 0.927 \times 1000 \times 930.50^2) = 3.661 \text{ N/mm}^2$$

$$< \sigma_{ca} = 21.0 \text{ N/mm}^2 \quad \therefore \text{O.K.}$$

- ・鉄筋の引張応力度

$$\sigma_s = M / (As \cdot j \cdot d) = 322128600 / (1910.000 \times 0.927 \times 930.50) = 195.543 \text{ N/mm}^2$$

$$< \sigma_{sa} = 295 \text{ N/mm}^2 \quad \therefore \text{O.K.}$$

- ・コンクリートのせん断応力度

$$\tau_c = S / (b \cdot d) = 171250 / (1000 \times 930.50) = 0.184 \text{ N/mm}^2$$

$$< \tau_{ca} = 1.08 \text{ N/mm}^2 \quad \therefore \text{O.K.}$$

3) 底版 (中央部)

$$\begin{aligned}
 C1 &= (W1 \cdot B^2) / 12 = (64.300 \times 2.000^2) / 12 = 21.433 \text{KNm/m} \\
 M1 &= (W1 \cdot B^2) / 8 - C1 = (64.300 \times 2.000^2) / 8 - 21.433 = 10.717 \text{KNm/m} \\
 C21 &= (V4 \cdot B^2 / 12) + \{ (V2 - V4) \cdot B^2 / 20 \} \\
 &= (94.984 \times 2.000^2) / 12 + \{ (109.594 - 94.984) \times 2.000^2 / 20 \} = 34.583 \text{KNm/m} \\
 C22 &= (V4 \cdot B^2 / 12) + \{ (V2 - V4) \cdot B^2 / 30 \} \\
 &= (94.984 \times 2.000^2) / 12 + \{ (109.594 - 94.984) \times 2.000^2 / 30 \} = 33.609 \text{KNm/m} \\
 M2 &= (V4 \cdot B^2 / 8) + (V2 - V4) \cdot B^2 / (9 \cdot \text{Sqr}(3)) - (C21 + C22) / 2 \\
 &= (94.984 \times 2.000^2) / 8 + (109.594 - 94.984) \times 2.000^2 / (9 \times \text{Sqr}(3)) \\
 &\quad - (34.583 + 33.609) / 2 = 17.145 \text{KNm/m} \\
 M &= |M1 - M2| = |10.717 - 17.145| \times 10^5 = 642794 \text{Ncm/m}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 D &= 70.00 \text{cm} \quad d = 63.05 \text{cm} \quad j = 55.169 \text{cm} \\
 at &= M / (ft \cdot j) = 642794 / (29500 \times 55.169) = 0.395 \text{cm}^2/\text{m}
 \end{aligned}$$

配筋 D19-7253@ ----> ∴ D19-300@ とする

$$\begin{aligned}
 n &= 15 \quad b = 100 \text{cm} \\
 p &= As / (b \cdot d) = 955.000 / (1000 \times 630.50) = 0.00151 \\
 k &= \text{sqr} \{ 2n \cdot p + (n \cdot p)^2 \} - n \cdot p = \text{sqr} \{ 2 \times 15 \times 0.00151 + (15 \times 0.00151)^2 \} - 15 \times 0.00151 = 0.192 \\
 j &= 1 - (K/3) = 1 - (0.192/3) = 0.936
 \end{aligned}$$

- ・コンクリートの曲げ圧縮応力度
 $\sigma_c = 2M / (k \cdot j \cdot b \cdot d^2) = 2 \times 6427939 / (0.192 \times 0.936 \times 1000 \times 630.50^2) = 0.180 \text{N/mm}^2$
 $< \sigma_{ca} = 21.0 \text{N/mm}^2 \quad \therefore \text{O.K.}$
- ・鉄筋の引張応力度
 $\sigma_s = M / (As \cdot j \cdot d) = 6427939 / (955.000 \times 0.936 \times 630.50) = 11.404 \text{N/mm}^2$
 $< \sigma_{sa} = 295 \text{N/mm}^2 \quad \therefore \text{O.K.}$

4) 底版 (前面固定部)

$$\begin{aligned}
 C1 &= (W1 \cdot B^2) / 12 = (64.300 \times 2.000^2) / 12 = 21.433 \text{KNm/m} \\
 M1 &= C1 = 21.433 \text{KNm/m} \\
 S1 &= (W1 \cdot B) / 2 = (64.300 \times 2.000) / 2 = 64.300 \text{KN/m} \\
 C21 &= (V4 \cdot B^2 / 12) + \{ (V2 - V4) \cdot B^2 / 20 \} \\
 &= (94.984 \times 2.000^2) / 12 + \{ (109.594 - 94.984) \times 2.000^2 / 20 \} = 34.583 \text{KNm/m} \\
 M2 &= C21 = 34.583 \text{KNm/m} \\
 S2 &= (V4 \cdot B) / 2 + (V2 - V4) \cdot B / 3 = (94.984 \times 2.000) / 2 + (109.594 - 94.984) \times 2.000 / 3 = 104.724 \text{KN/m} \\
 M &= |M1 - M2| = |21.433 - 34.583| \times 10^5 = 1315001 \text{Ncm/m} \\
 S &= |S1 - S2| = |64.300 - 104.724| \times 10^3 = 40424 \text{N/m}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 D &= 70.00 \text{cm} \quad d = 63.05 \text{cm} \quad j = 55.169 \text{cm} \\
 at &= M / (ft \cdot j) = 1315001 / (29500 \times 55.169) = 0.808 \text{cm}^2/\text{m} \\
 \phi &= S / (fa \cdot j) = 40424 / (210.00 \times 55.169) = 3.489 \text{cm/m}
 \end{aligned}$$

配筋 D19-1719@ ----> ∴ D19-300@ とする

$$\begin{aligned}
 n &= 15 \quad b = 100 \text{cm} \\
 p &= As / (b \cdot d) = 955.000 / (1000 \times 630.50) = 0.00151 \\
 k &= \text{sqr} \{ 2n \cdot p + (n \cdot p)^2 \} - n \cdot p = \text{sqr} \{ 2 \times 15 \times 0.00151 + (15 \times 0.00151)^2 \} - 15 \times 0.00151 = 0.192 \\
 j &= 1 - (K/3) = 1 - (0.192/3) = 0.936
 \end{aligned}$$

- ・コンクリートの曲げ圧縮応力度
 $\sigma_c = 2M / (k \cdot j \cdot b \cdot d^2) = 2 \times 13150010 / (0.192 \times 0.936 \times 1000 \times 630.50^2) = 0.369 \text{N/mm}^2$
 $< \sigma_{ca} = 21.0 \text{N/mm}^2 \quad \therefore \text{O.K.}$
- ・鉄筋の引張応力度
 $\sigma_s = M / (As \cdot j \cdot d) = 13150010 / (955.000 \times 0.936 \times 630.50) = 23.330 \text{N/mm}^2$
 $< \sigma_{sa} = 295 \text{N/mm}^2 \quad \therefore \text{O.K.}$
- ・コンクリートのせん断応力度
 $\tau_c = S / (b \cdot d) = 40424 / (1000 \times 630.50) = 0.064 \text{N/mm}^2$
 $< \tau_{ca} = 1.08 \text{N/mm}^2 \quad \therefore \text{O.K.}$

5) 底版 (後面固定部)

$$\begin{aligned}
 C1 &= (W1 \cdot B^2) / 12 = (64.300 \times 2.000^2) / 12 = 21.433 \text{KNm/m} \\
 M1 &= C1 = 21.433 \text{KNm/m} \\
 S1 &= (W1 \cdot B) / 2 = (64.300 \times 2.000) / 2 = 64.300 \text{KN/m} \\
 C22 &= (V4 \cdot B^2 / 12) + \{ (V2 - V4) \cdot B^2 / 30 \} \\
 &= (94.984 \times 2.000^2) / 12 + \{ (109.594 - 94.984) \times 2.000^2 / 30 \} = 33.609 \text{KNm/m} \\
 M2 &= C22 = 33.609 \text{KNm/m} \\
 S2 &= (V4 \cdot B) / 2 + (V2 - V4) \cdot B / 6 = (94.984 \times 2.000) / 2 + (109.594 - 94.984) \times 2.000 / 6 = 99.854 \text{KN/m} \\
 M &= |M1 - M2| = |21.433 - 33.609| \times 10^5 = 1217605 \text{Ncm/m} \\
 S &= |S1 - S2| = |64.300 - 99.854| \times 10^3 = 35554 \text{N/m} \\
 D &= 70.00 \text{cm} \quad d = 63.05 \text{cm} \quad j = 55.169 \text{cm} \\
 at &= M / (ft \cdot j) = 1217605 / (29500 \times 55.169) = 0.748 \text{cm}^2/\text{m} \\
 \phi &= S / (fa \cdot j) = 35554 / (210.00 \times 55.169) = 3.069 \text{cm/m}
 \end{aligned}$$

配筋 D19-1955@ -----> ∴ D19-300@ とする

$$\begin{aligned}
 n &= 15 \quad b = 100 \text{cm} \\
 p &= As / (b \cdot d) = 955.000 / (1000 \times 630.50) = 0.00151 \\
 k &= \sqrt{2n \cdot p + (n \cdot p)^2} - n \cdot p = \sqrt{2 \times 15 \times 0.00151 + (15 \times 0.00151)^2} - 15 \times 0.00151 = 0.192 \\
 j &= 1 - (K/3) = 1 - (0.192/3) = 0.936
 \end{aligned}$$

- ・コンクリートの曲げ圧縮応力度
 $\sigma_c = 2M / (k \cdot j \cdot b \cdot d^2) = 2 \times 12176050 / (0.192 \times 0.936 \times 1000 \times 630.50^2) = 0.341 \text{N/mm}^2$
 $< \sigma_{ca} = 21.0 \text{N/mm}^2 \quad \therefore \text{O.K.}$
- ・鉄筋の引張応力度
 $\sigma_s = M / (As \cdot j \cdot d) = 12176050 / (955.000 \times 0.936 \times 630.50) = 21.602 \text{N/mm}^2$
 $< \sigma_{sa} = 295 \text{N/mm}^2 \quad \therefore \text{O.K.}$
- ・コンクリートのせん断応力度
 $\tau_c = S / (b \cdot d) = 35554 / (1000 \times 630.50) = 0.056 \text{N/mm}^2$
 $< \tau_{ca} = 1.08 \text{N/mm}^2 \quad \therefore \text{O.K.}$

6) かかと版 (固定部)

$$\begin{aligned}
 M1 &= (W2 \cdot B^2) / 2 = (110.950 \times 1.500^2) / 2 = 124.819 \text{KNm/m} \\
 S1 &= W2 \cdot B = 110.950 \times 1.500 = 166.425 \text{KN/m} \\
 M2 &= (V5 + 2 \cdot VR) \cdot B^2 / 6 = (87.680 + 2 \times 76.723) \times 1.500^2 / 6 = 90.422 \text{KNm/m} \\
 S2 &= (V5 + VR) \cdot B / 2 = (87.680 + 76.723) \times 1.500 / 2 = 123.302 \text{KN/m} \\
 M &= |M1 - M2| = |124.819 - 90.422| \times 10^5 = 3439701 \text{Ncm/m} \\
 S &= |S1 - S2| = |166.425 - 123.302| \times 10^3 = 43123 \text{N/m} \\
 D &= 70.00 \text{cm} \quad d = 63.05 \text{cm} \quad j = 55.169 \text{cm} \\
 at &= M / (ft \cdot j) = 3439701 / (29500 \times 55.169) = 2.114 \text{cm}^2/\text{m} \\
 \phi &= S / (fa \cdot j) = 43123 / (210.00 \times 55.169) = 3.722 \text{cm/m}
 \end{aligned}$$

配筋 D19-1355@ -----> ∴ D19-300@ とする

$$\begin{aligned}
 n &= 15 \quad b = 100 \text{cm} \\
 p &= As / (b \cdot d) = 955.000 / (1000 \times 630.50) = 0.00151 \\
 k &= \sqrt{2n \cdot p + (n \cdot p)^2} - n \cdot p = \sqrt{2 \times 15 \times 0.00151 + 15 \times 0.00151^2} - 15 \times 0.00151 = 0.192 \\
 j &= 1 - (K/3) = 1 - (0.192/3) = 0.936
 \end{aligned}$$

- ・コンクリートの曲げ圧縮応力度
 $\sigma_c = 2M / (k \cdot j \cdot b \cdot d^2) = 2 \times 34397010 / (0.192 \times 0.936 \times 1000 \times 630.50^2) = 0.965 \text{N/mm}^2$
 $< \sigma_{ca} = 21.0 \text{N/mm}^2 \quad \therefore \text{O.K.}$
- ・鉄筋の引張応力度
 $\sigma_s = M / (As \cdot j \cdot d) = 34397010 / (955.000 \times 0.936 \times 630.50) = 61.024 \text{N/mm}^2$
 $< \sigma_{sa} = 295 \text{N/mm}^2 \quad \therefore \text{O.K.}$
- ・コンクリートのせん断応力度
 $\tau_c = S / (b \cdot d) = 43123 / (1000 \times 630.50) = 0.068 \text{N/mm}^2$
 $< \tau_{ca} = 1.08 \text{N/mm}^2 \quad \therefore \text{O.K.}$

7) つま先版 (固定部)

$$M1 = (W4 \cdot B^2) / 2 = (17.650 \times 1.000^2) / 2 = 8.825 \text{KNm/m}$$

$$S1 = W4 \cdot B = 17.650 \times 1.000 = 17.650 \text{KN/m}$$

$$M2 = (V1 + 2 \cdot VP) \cdot B^2 / 6 = (114.707 + 2 \times 122.012) \times 1.000^2 / 6 = 59.788 \text{KNm/m}$$

$$S2 = (V1 + VP) \cdot B / 2 = (114.707 + 122.012) \times 1.000 / 2 = 118.360 \text{KN/m}$$

$$M = |M1 - M2| = |8.825 - 59.788| \times 10^5 = 5096348 \text{Ncm/m}$$

$$S = |S1 - S2| = |17.650 - 118.360| \times 10^3 = 100710 \text{Ncm/m}$$

$$D = 70.00 \text{cm} \quad d = 63.05 \text{cm} \quad j = 55.169 \text{cm}$$

$$at = M / (ft \cdot j) = 5096348 / (29500 \times 55.169) = 3.131 \text{cm}^2/\text{m}$$

$$\phi = S / (fa \cdot j) = 100710 / (210.00 \times 55.169) = 8.693 \text{cm/m}$$

配筋 D19-690@ -----> ∴ D19-300@ とする

$$n = 15 \quad b = 100 \text{cm}$$

$$p = As / (b \cdot d) = 955.000 / (1000 \times 630.50) = 0.00151$$

$$k = \text{sqr} \{ 2n \cdot p + (n \cdot p)^2 \} - n \cdot p = \text{sqr} \{ 2 \times 15 \times 0.00151 + 15 \times 0.00151^2 \} - 15 \times 0.00151 = 0.192$$

$$j = 1 - (K/3) = 1 - (0.192/3) = 0.936$$

・コンクリートの曲げ圧縮応力度

$$\sigma_c = 2M / (k \cdot j \cdot b \cdot d^2) = 2 \times 50963480 / (0.192 \times 0.936 \times 1000 \times 630.50^2) = 1.429 \text{N/mm}^2$$

$$< \sigma_{ca} = 21.0 \text{N/mm}^2 \quad \therefore \text{O.K.}$$

・鉄筋の引張応力度

$$\sigma_s = M / (As \cdot j \cdot d) = 50963480 / (955.000 \times 0.936 \times 630.50) = 90.415 \text{N/mm}^2$$

$$< \sigma_{sa} = 295 \text{N/mm}^2 \quad \therefore \text{O.K.}$$

・コンクリートのせん断応力度

$$\tau_c = S / (b \cdot d) = 100710 / (1000 \times 630.50) = 0.160 \text{N/mm}^2$$

$$< \tau_{ca} = 1.08 \text{N/mm}^2 \quad \therefore \text{O.K.}$$